Series 3730 Type 3730-6 Electropneumatic Positioner



with HART® communication and pressure sensors



Mounting and Operating Instructions

EB 8384-6 EN (1300-1623)

Firmware version 1.0k Edition February 2015



Definition of signal words



DANGER!

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury



WARNING!

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury

NOTICE

Property damage message or malfunction



Note:

Additional information

_ Tip:

. Recommended action

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Note:

The functions of the **EXPERTplus** Valve Diagnostics are described in the Operating Instructions ► **EB 8389-1 EN**. These Instructions are included on the enclosed CD-ROM and is available on our website.

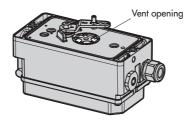
1 Important safety instructions

For your own safety, follow these instructions concerning the mounting, start-up and operation of the device:

- The device is to be mounted, started up or operated only by trained and experienced personnel familiar with the product. According to these mounting and operating instructions, trained personnel is referred to as individuals who are able to judge the work they are assigned to and recognize possible dangers due to their specialized training, their knowledge and experience as well as their knowledge of the applicable standards.
- Explosion-protected versions of this device are to be operated only by personnel who has undergone special training or instructions or who is authorized to work on explosion-protected devices in hazardous areas. Refer to section 11.
- Any hazards that could be caused in the valve by the process medium, the signal pressure or by moving parts are to be prevented by taking appropriate precautions.
- If inadmissible motions or forces are produced in the pneumatic actuator as a result of the supply pressure level, it must be restricted using a suitable supply pressure reducing station.

To avoid damage to any equipment, the following also applies:

 Do not operate the positioner with the back of the positioner/vent opening facing upwards. The vent opening must not be sealed when the positioner is installed on site.



- Proper shipping and storage are assumed.
- Do not ground electric welding equipment near to the positioner.



Note: The device with a CE marking fulfills the requirements of the Directive 94/9/EC and the Directive 2004/108/EC. The declaration of conformity is included on the enclosed CD-ROM.

2 Article code

Positioner	Т	Гуре 3730-6 х х х х х х х х х х о х 0
With HART® communic	ation and pressure sensors	
Explosion protection		
ATEX: II 2G Ex ia IIC/III	B T6; II 2D Ex tb IIIC T6 IP66	1 1 0
IECEx: Ex ia IIC/IIB T6;	Ex d[ia] IIC/IIB T6; Ex tD A21 IP66 T80°C	111
GOST: 1Ex ia IIC T6 Gł	p; 1Ex the IIIC T80°C Dhe IP66	113
	Div. 1 / Gr. ABCDEFG; AEx ia IIC / Class I / Zon 2 / Gr. ABCD; S / Class II / Div. 2 / Gr. FG	ne 0 130
ATEX: II 3G Ex nA II To	; II 3G Ex ic IIC/IIB T6; II 3D Ex tc IIIC T80°C IP66	5 810
IECEx: Ex nA II T6, Ex r	IL IIC/IIB T6; Ex tD A22 IP66 T80°C	811
GOST: 2Ex nA IIC T6 G	ic; 2Ex ic IIC T6 Gc; 2Ex tc IIIC T80°C Dc IP66	813
Additional equipment		
Inductive limit contact	Without	o
	SJ2-SN (NC contact)	1 0
	SJ2-S1N (NO contact)	2
Venting function	Without	0
	Solenoid valve 24 V DC	1
	Forced venting 24 V DC	2
Additional equipment	Without	0
	Position transmitter	1
	Leakage sensor (including cable and fixing scre	ew) 20
	Binary input	3
External	Without	0
position sensor	With, including 10 m connecting cable	1 1
	Prepared for connection, without sensor	2
Function	Standard (control valves)	0
Emergency shutdown	3.8 mA	0
	4.4 mA	1
Housing material		
Aluminum (standard)		1
Stainless steel 1.4581		2
Special application		
Without		0
Version compatible with	n paint	1
Version compatible with	•	2
-	o VDI/VDE 3847 including interface	6
Attachment according to	o VDI/VDE 3847 prepared for interface	7

3 Design and principle of operation

The electropneumatic positioner is mounted on pneumatic control valves and is used to assign the valve position (controlled variable x) to the control signal (reference variable w). The positioner compares the electric control signal of a control system to the travel or opening angle of the control valve and issues a signal pressure (output variable y) for the pneumatic actuator.

The positioner consists of a travel sensor system (2) proportional to resistance, an analog i/p converter (6) with a downstream air capacity booster (7) and the electronics with microcontroller (5).

The positioner is fitted with three binary contacts as standard: A fault alarm output indicates a fault to the control room and two configurable software limit contacts are used to indicate the end positions of the valve.

The valve position (x) is transmitted as a either an angle of rotation or travel to the pickup lever and to the travel sensor (2) and supplied to an analog PD controller. An A/D converter (4) transmits the position of the valve to the microcontroller (5). The PD controller (3) compares this actual position to the 4 to 20 mA DC control signal (reference variable) after it has been converted by the A/D converter (4). In case of a set point deviation, the activation of the i/p converter (6) is changed so that the actuator of the control valve (1) is pressurized or vented accordingly over the downstream booster (7). This causes the valve plug to move to the position determined by the reference variable (w).

The supply air is supplied to the booster (7) and the pressure regulator (8). An intermediate flow regulator (9) with fixed settings is used to purge the positioner and, at the same time, guarantees trouble-free operation of the booster. The output signal pressure supplied by the booster can be limited by software. Both pressure sensors (23 and 24) monitors the supply pressure p_s and the signal pressure p_{out} .

The volume restriction Q (10) is used to optimize the positioner.

The positioner is suitable for the following types of attachment using the corresponding accessories:

- Direct attachment to SAMSON Type 3277 Actuator: section 4.1
- Attachment to actuators according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR): section 4.2
- Attachment according to VDI/VDE 3847: section 4.3
- Attachment to Type 3510 Micro-flow Valve: section 4.4
- Attachment to rotary actuators acc. to VDI/VDE 3845: section 4.5

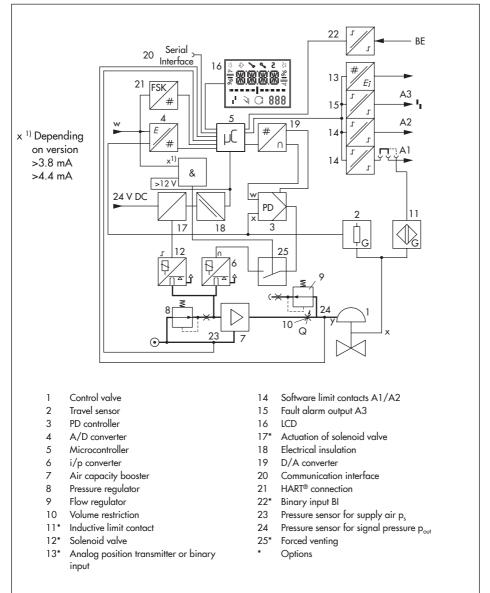


Fig. 1: Functional diagram

3.1 Safety function (SIL)

The safety function is based on the shutdown of the i/p converter (6). This causes the pneumatic actuator to be vented and the valve to move to its fail-safe position.

Monitoring of the input signal

The i/p converter is switched off when the input signal of the positioner at terminals +11/-12 falls below 3.8 mA or 4.4 mA depending on the positioner version (a signal range of 4 to 20 mA is required). See Fig. 20 on page 51.

Monitoring the voltage supply

(version with forced venting **and** solenoid valve

The i/p converter and the solenoid valve (when installed) are shut down whenever the voltage at terminals +81/-82 falls below 12 V (an input voltage of 24 V DC is required). See Fig. 20 on page 51.

When the i/p converter is switched off as part of the monitoring of the input signal or the voltage supply, the fail-safe position **S** is activated and is indicated on the positioner display.

If required, the user can check the safety function using the software. Details on EXPERTplus Valve Diagnostics in the Operating Instructions ► EB 8389-1 EN.

3.2 Valve diagnostics

The **EXPERTplus** valve diagnostics are integrated into the positioner. They provide information on the control valve and generate status messages, which allow faults to be pinpointed quickly.

Details on EXPERTplus Valve Diagnostics in the Operating Instructions ► EB 8389-1 EN.

3.3 Communication

The positioner is equipped with an interface for HART® protocol (Highway Addressable Remote Transducer) for communication purposes. Data are transmitted in a superimposed frequency (FSK = Frequency Shift Keying) on the existing signal loop for the 4 to 20 mA reference variable.

Either a HART® capable handheld communicator or a computer with FSK modem can be used to establish communication and operate the positioner.

3.4 Configuration using the TROVIS-VIEW software

The positioner can be configured with SAM-SON's TROVIS-VIEW Configuration and Operator Interface (version 4). For this purpose, the positioner has a digital interface (**SSP**) to allow the RS-232 or USB port of a computer to be connected to it over an adapter cable.

The TROVIS-VIEW software enables the user to easily configure the positioner as well as view process parameters online.

Note:

TROVIS-VIEW can be downloaded free of charge from our website at http:\\www.samson.de > Services > Software > TROVIS-VIEW.

3.5 Additional equipment

Inductive limit contact

In this version, the rotary shaft of the positioner carries an adjustable tag which actuates the built-in proximity switch. The optional inductive contact (11) is connected to A1, while the remaining software limit contact is connected to A2.

Solenoid valve

If the operating voltage for the solenoid valve (12) falls below 12 V, the supply pressure for the booster is vented to the atmosphere. As a result, the actuator is vented and the control valve moves to the fail-safe position. In manual mode, the manual set point is reset to 0 %. A different manual set point must entered again.

Forced venting

If the voltage signal at terminals +81/-82 falls below 12 V, the i/p converter (6) is de-energized. The positioner vents the actuator, causing valve to move to the fail-safe position determined by the actuator, independent of the reference variable.

Analog position transmitter

The position transmitter (13) is a two-wire transmitter and issues the travel sensor signal as a 4 to 20 mA signal processed by the microcontroller. Since this signal is issued independent of the positioner's input signal, the momentary travel/angle of rotation is controlled in real-time. Additionally, the position transmitter allows positioner faults to be indicated over a signal current of <2.4 mA or >21.6 mA.

Leakage sensor

By upgrading the positioner with a leakage sensor, it is possible to detect seat leakage when the valve is in the closed position. Details on EXPERTplus Valve Diagnostics in the Operating Instructions ► EB 8389-1 EN.

Binary input

The optional binary input can be configured:

- To connect a floating contact
- To connect a non-floating contact (0 to 24 V DC)

By selecting a certain function, one of the following actions can be activated:

- Transmit switching state The switching state of the binary input is logged.
- Activate local write protection After the first initialization, a local write protection can be activated. While the binary input is active, no settings can be changed at the positioner. The positioner cannot be re-initialized. Enabling configuration over Code 3 is not active (*P*).
- Switch AUTO/MAN
 The positioner changes from the automatic mode C (AUTO) to the manual mode ^A (MAN) or vice versa.
 This function is not performed if the positioner is in the fail-safe position mode (SAFE).

 Various diagnostic functions Details on EXPERTplus Valve Diagnostics in the Operating Instructions
 FB 8389-1 FN

Additionally, the external solenoid valve function can be selected if a non-floating contact is configured:

External solenoid valve
 The voltage for an external solenoid
 valve is connected in parallel to terminals
 +31/-32. This allows the switching state
 of the solenoid valve to be monitored.

Note:

The optional binary input can only be configured using the operator software e.g. TROVIS-VIEW. The switching state is transmitted when the switch is closed by default.

External position sensor

In this version, only the sensor is mounted to the control valve. The positioner is located separately from the valve. The connection of x and y signals to the valve is established by cable and piping for air.

3.6 Technical data

		data in test certificates additionally apply to explosion-protected devices)				
Travel	Adjustable	Direct attachment to Type 3277 Actuator: 3.6 to 30 mm Attachment according to IEC 60534-6-1: 3.6 to 200 mm Attachment according to VDI/VDE 3847: 3.6 to 200 mm Rotary actuators: 24 to 100° opening angle				
Travel range	Adjustable	Adjustable within the initialized travel/angle of rotation; travel can be restricted to 1/5 at the maximum				
Reference	Signal range	4 to 20 mA · Two-wire device, reverse polarity protection Minimum span 4 mA				
variable w	Static destruction limit	30 V				
Minimum curi	rent	3.6 mA for display \cdot Emergency venting at ${\leq}3.8$ mA or ${\leq}4.4$ mA depending on version				
Load impedar	nce	≤9.2 V (corresponding to 460 Ω at 20 mA)				
Supply air	Supply air	1.4 to 7 bar (20 to 105 psi)				
	Air quality acc. to ISO 8573-1 (edition 2001- 02)	Maximum particle size and density: Class 4 · Oil content: Class 3 Pressure dew point: Class 3 or at least 10 K below the lowest ambient temperature to be expected				
Signal pressu	re (output)	0 bar up to the capacity of the supply pressure \cdot Can be limited between 1.4 and 7.0 bar by software				
Characteris- Adjustable tic		Linear/equal percentage/reverse equal percentage User-defined (over operator software) Butterfly valve, rotary plug valve and segmented ball valve: Linear/equal percent- age				
	Deviation	≤l %				
Hysteresis		≤0.3 %				
Sensitivity		≤0.1 %				
Transit time		Filling with air or venting adjustable separately up to 240 s by software				
Direction of a	ction	Reversible				
Air consumpti	ion, steady state	Independent of supply air approx. 110 l _n /h				
Air output capacity	Actuator filled with air	At $\Delta p = 6$ bar: 8.5 m _n ³ /h · At $\Delta p = 1.4$ bar: 3.0 m _n ³ /h · K _{Vmax (20 °C)} = 0.09				
	Actuator vented	At $\Delta p = 6$ bar: 14.0 m _n ³ /h · At $\Delta p = 1.4$ bar: 4.5 m _n ³ /h · K _{Vmax (20 °C)} = 0.15				
Permissible ambient temperature		-20 to +80 °C for all versions -45 to +80 °C with metal cable gland -25 to +80 °C with inductive limit contact (SJ2-S1N) and metal cable gland The limits in the type examination certificate additionally apply for explosion-pro- tected versions.				
Influences	Temperature	≤0.15 %/10 K				
	Supply air	None				
	Effect of vibration	≤0.25 % up to 2000 Hz and 4 g according to IEC 770				

Positioner (technica	l data in test certificates additionally apply to explosion-protected devices)				
	Complying with EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3, EN 61326-1 and NAMUR Recom-				
	mendation NE 21				
nections	One M20 x 1.5 cable gland for 6 to 12 mm clamping range \cdot Second M20 x 1.5 threaded connection additionally exists \cdot Screw terminals for 0.2 to 2.5 mm² wire cross-sections				
otection	IP 66/NEMA 4X				
ding to	 Suitable for use in safety-instrumented systems up to SIL 2 (single device/HFT = 0) and SIL 3 (redundant configuration/HFT = 1) according to IEC 61511. Triggered by the set point, emergency venting depending on positioner version at ≤3.8 mA or ≤4.4 mA By the optional solenoid valve, emergency venting at 0 V 				
	By the optional forced venting, emergency venting at <12 V				
on (local)	SAMSON SSP interface and serial interface adapter, software requirement (SSP): TROVIS-VIEW with database module 3730-6				
on (HART®)	HART® field communications protocol \cdot Impedance in HART® frequency range: Receiving 350 to 450 Ω \cdot Sending approx. 115 Ω				
For handheld communicator	Device description for Type 3730-6				
For PC	DTM file according to specification 1.2, suitable for integrating the device into frame applications that support the use of FDT/DTM (e.g. PACTware)				
otection					
	See article code in section 2				
ts	·				
limit contacts, rever	se polarity protection, floating, configurable switching characteristics				
No response	≤1.0 mA				
Response	≥2.2 mA				
rm contact, floating					
No response	≥2.2 mA · No fault alarm				
Response	≤1.0 mA · Fault alarm				
n to	NAMUR switching amplifier acc. to EN 60947-5-6				
	Die-cast aluminum EN AC-AlSi12(Fe) (EN AC-44300) acc. to DIN EN 1706, chro- mated and powder paint coated · Special version: stainless steel 1.4581				
5	Stainless steel 1.4571 and 1.4301				
	M20 x 1.5, black polyamide				
	Approx. 1.0 kg				
	C€ [Ħ[
	tic com- nections otection instrumented ding to IL on (local) on (local) on (HART®) For handheld communicator For PC otection ts limit contacts, rever No response Response rm contact, floating No response				

Options for Type 3730-6 Positioner

Electronic forced venting A	pproval acc. to IEC 61508/SIL					
Input	24 V DC \cdot Electrical isolation and reverse polarity protection \cdot Static destruction limit 40 V					
	Power consumption: $I = \frac{U - 5.7 \text{ V}}{3.84 \text{ k}\Omega}$ (corresponding to 4.8 mA at 24 V/114 mW)					
	,					
Signal '0' (no response)	≤ 12 V (emergency venting at 12 V)					
Signal '1' (response)	> 19 V					
Solenoid valve · Approval a						
Input	24 V DC \cdot Reverse polarity protection \cdot Static destruction limit 40 V					
	Power consumption: $I = \frac{U - 5.7 \text{ V}}{3.84 \text{ k}\Omega}$ (corresponding to 4.8 mA at 24 V/114 mW)					
	3.84 kΩ 24 V/114 mW)					
Signal '0' (no response)	≤12 V (emergency venting at 12 V)					
Signal '1' (response)	>19 V					
Service life	>5 x 10 ⁶ switching cycles					
Analog position transmitter	Two-wire transmitter · Electrical isolation					
Power supply	12 to 30 V DC · Reverse polarity protection · Static destruction limit 40 V					
Output signal	4 to 20 mA					
Operating direction	Reversible					
Operating range	-10 to +114 %					
Characteristic	Linear					
Hysteresis	Same as positioner					
High-frequency influence	Same as positioner					
Other influences	Same as positioner					
Fault alarm	Can be issued as current signal 2.4 ±0.1 mA or 21.6 ±0.1 mA					
Leakage sensor · Suitable for	r operation in hazardous areas					
Temperature range	-40 to +130 °C					
Tightening torque	20 ±5 Nm					
Inductive limit contact	For connection to switching amplifier acc. to EN 60947-5-6 Can be used in combination with a software limit contact					
SJ2-SN proximity switch	NAMUR NC contact					
NAMUR NO contact						
External position sensor	·					
Travel	Same as positioner					
Cable	10 m · Flexible and durable · With M12x1 connector · Flame-retardant acc. to VDE 0472 · Resistant to oils, lubricants and coolants as well as other aggressive media					
Permissible ambient	-60 to +105 °C					
temperature	Also observe the limits in the test certificate for explosion-protected versions.					

Immunity to vibration		Up to 10 g in the range of 10 to 2000 Hz				
Degree of prote	ection	IP 67				
Binary input · E	lectrical isolat	tion · Switching behavior configured over software				
Active switching	g behavior (de	efault setting)				
Connection		For external switch (floating contact) or relay contact				
Electric data		Dpen-circuit voltage when contact is open: max. 10 V ulsed DC current reaching peak value of 100 mA and RMS value of 0.01 mA when ontact is closed				
Contact Closed, $R < 20 \Omega$		ON switching state (default setting)				
Open, R > 400 Ω		OFF switching state (default setting)				
Passive switchir	ng behavior					
Connection		For externally applied DC voltage, reverse polarity protection				
Electric data		3 to 30 V DC · Static destruction limit 40 V · Current consumption 3.7 mA at 24 V				
Voltage >6 V		ON switching state (default setting)				
	<1 V	OFF switching state (default setting)				

Design and principle of operation

Тур	pe Certification				Type of protection/Comments
		E	Number Date	PTB 10 ATEX 2007	II 2G Ex ia IIC/IIB T6; II 2D Ex tb IIIC T80°C IP66
	110	EC type	Number	GYJ12.1109X	
	·	examination certificate	Date	08.10.2012	Ex ia IIC T4~T6 Ga; DIP A21 Ta, T4~T6
		certificate	Valid until	07.10.2017	
	-111	IEĈEx	Number	IECEx PTB 10.0057	Ex ia IIC/IIB T6; Ex d[ia] IIC/IIB T6;
	-	+	Date	10.01.2011	Ex tD A21 IP66 T80°C
		~	Number	GYJ12.1109X	
	-112	Ex NEPSI	Date	08.10.2012	Ex ia II CT4~T6 Ga; DIP A21 Ta, T4~T6
			Valid until	07.10.2017	
	-113	ror r	Number	RU C-DE.08.B.00113	
		EHC Ex	Date	15.11.2013	1Ex ia IIC T6 Gb; 1Ex tb IIIC T80°C Db IP66
			Valid until	14.11.2018	
	-130	F M APPROVED	Number Date	3012394 05.11.2014	IS / Class I,II,III / Div. 1 / Gr. ABCDEFG AEx ia IIC / Class I / Zone 0 NI / Class I / Div. 2 / Gr. ABCD S / Class II / Div. 2 / Gr. FG Enclosure Type 4X
	-131	S	Number Date	2682094 06.02.2015	Ex ia IIC T4/T5/T6; Class I, Zone 0 Class I, Gruops A,B,C,and D Class II Groups E,F and G; Class III; Type 4 Enclosure
	-210	EC type examination certificate	Number	PTB 10 ATEX 2007	mit Feldbarriere Typ 3770-1: Il 2G Ex d[ia] IIC/IIB T6 Gb;
			Date	18.08.2010	II 2D Ex tb IIIC T80°C IP66
	-211	IEĈE X	Number Date	IECEx PTB 10.0057	Ex ia IIC/IIB T6; Ex d[ia] IIC/IIB T6; Ex tD A21 IP66 T80°C

Summary of explosion protection certificates for Type 3730-6 Positioner

Тур	e	Certification			Type of protection/Comments	
			Number	RU C-DE.08.B.00113		
	-213	ERE Ex	Date	15.11.2013	1Ex d[ia Ga]iiC T6 Gb X	
			Valid until	14.11.2018		
	-810	Statement of Conformity	Number Date	PTB 10 ATEX 2008 X 18.08.2010	II 3G Ex nA ic IIC T6 Gc; II 3D Ex tc IIIC T80°C Dc IP66	
3730-6-	-811	IEĈEx	Number Date	IECEx PTB 10.0058X	Ex nA II T6, Ex nL IIC/IIB T6; Ex tD A22 IP66 T80°C	
		^	Number	GYJ12.1110X	Ex nL IIC T4~T6 Gc;	
	-812	Ex	Date	08.10.2012	Ex nA IIC T4~T6 Gc;	
)	Valid until	07.10.2017	DIP A22 Ta, T4~T6	
			Number	RU C-DE.08.B.00113	2Ex nA IIC Tó Gc;	
	-813	EAL Ex	Date	15.11.2013	2Ex ic IIC T6 Gc;	
			Valid until	14.11.2018	2Ex tc IIIC T80°C Dc IP66	

4 Attachment to the control valve – Mounting parts and accessories

NOTICE

Risk of malfunction due to incorrect sequence of mounting, installation and start-up!

Keep the following sequence.

- Remove the protective film from the pneumatic connections.
- **2.** Mount the positioner on the control valve.
- 3. Connect the supply air.
- 4. Connect the electrical power.
- 5. Perform the start-up settings.

The positioner is suitable for the following types of attachment:

- Direct attachment to SAMSON Type 3277 Actuator
- Attachment to actuators according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR)
- Attachment according to VDI/VDE 3847
- Attachment to Type 3510 Micro-flow Valve
- Attachment to rotary actuators

NOTICE

Risk of malfunction due to incorrect mounting parts/accessories or incorrect assignment of lever and pin position.

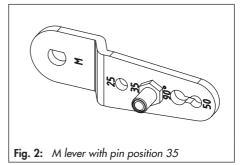
Attach the positioner to the control valve only using the mounting parts and accessories as specified in Table 1 to Table 6. Observe the type of attachment. Observe the assignment between lever and pin position (see travel tables on page 21).

Lever and pin position

The positioner is adapted to the actuator and to the rated travel by the lever on the back of the positioner and the pin inserted into the lever.

The travel tables on page 21 show the maximum adjustment range at the positioner. The travel that can be implemented at the valve is additionally restricted by the selected fail-safe position and the required compression of the actuator springs.

The positioner is equipped with the M lever (pin position 35) as standard.



NOTICE

Risk of malfunction because the newly mounted lever has not been adapted to the internal measuring lever.

Move the newly mounted lever (1) once all the way as far as it will go in both directions.

Travel tables



Note:

The **M** lever is included in the scope of delivery. S, L, XL levers for attachment according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR) are available as accessories (see Table 3).

Direct attachment to Type 3277-5 and Type 3277 Actuators

Actuator size	Rated travel	Adjustment range at positioner ¹⁾ Travel [mm] Required lever			Adjustment range at positioner 1)		Assigned pin
[cm ²]	[mm]				lever	position	
120	7.5	5.0	to	25.0	М	25	
120/175/240/350	15	7.0	to	35.0	М	35	
355/700/750	30	10.0	to	50.0	М	50	

Attachment according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR)

SAMSON valves with Type 3271 Actuator			nge at positioner ¹⁾ Introl valves		
Actuator size [cm²]	Rated travel [mm]	Min. travel [mm]	Max. travel [mm]	Required lever	Assigned pin position
60 and 120 with Type 3510 Valve	7.5	3.6	18.0	S	17
120	7.5	5.0	25.0	м	25
120/175/240/350	15	7.0	35.0	м	35
700/750	7.5	7.0	35.0	171	
355/700/750	15 and 30	10.0	50.0	М	50
1000/1400/2800	30	14.0	70.0	L	70
1000/1400/2800	60	20.0	100.0	L	100
1400/2800	120	40.0	200.0	XL	200

Rotary actuators Opening angle			Required lever	Assigned pin position
24	to	100°	Μ	90°

1) The min./max. adjustment range is based on the NOM (nominal range) initialization mode

4.1 Direct attachment

4.1.1 Type 3277-5 Actuator

- Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 1 on page 50
- Observe the travel table on page 21.

Actuator with 120 cm² (see Fig. 3)

Depending on the type of positioner attachment, the signal pressure is routed either left or right of the yoke through a hole to the actuator diaphragm. Depending on the failsafe action of the actuator "actuator stem extends" or "actuator stem retracts" (valve closes or opens upon supply air failure), the switchover plate (9) must first be attached to the actuator yoke. Align the switchover plate with the corresponding symbol for left or right attachment according to the marking (view looking onto the switchover plate).

- Mount connecting plate (6) or pressure gauge bracket (7) with pressure gauges on the positioner, making sure the two seals are seated properly.
- Remove screw plug (4) on the back of the positioner and seal the signal pressure output (38) on the connecting plate (6) or on the pressure gauge bracket (7) with the stopper (5) included in the accessories.
- Place follower clamp (3) on the actuator stem, align it and screw tight so that the mounting screw is located in the groove of the actuator stem.
- 4. Mount cover plate (10) with narrow side of the cut-out (Fig. 3, on the left) pointing towards the signal pressure connection.

Make sure that the gasket (14) points towards the actuator yoke.

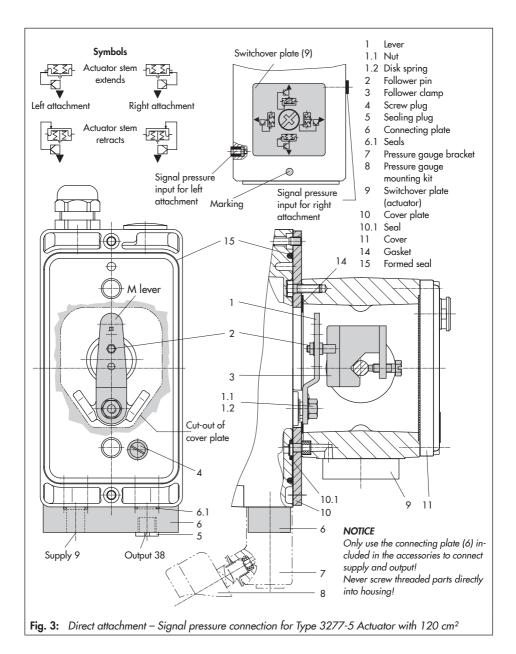
 15 mm travel: Keep the follower pin (2) on the M lever (1) on the back of the positioner in the pin position 35 (delivered state).

7.5 mm travel: Remove the follower pin (2) from the pin position **35**, reposition it in the hole for pin position **25** and screw tight.

- Insert formed seal (15) into the groove of the positioner housing and insert the seal (10.1) on the back of the housing.
- 7. Place positioner on the cover plate (10) in such a manner that the follower pin (2) rests on the top of the follower clamp (3). Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly and open the positioner cover to hold the positioner shaft in position at the cap or rotary pushbutton. The lever (1) must rest on the follower clamp with spring force. Mount the positioner on the cover plate (10) using the two fixing screws.
- Note applying to all types of attachment except for direct attachment to Type 3277-5:

The signal pressure output at the back must be sealed by the screw plug (4, order no. 0180-1254) and the associated O-ring (order no. 0520-0412).

 Mount cover (11) on the other side. Make sure that the vent plug is located at the bottom when the control valve is installed to allow any condensed water that collects to drain off.



4.1.2 Type 3277 Actuator

- Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 2 on page 51
- Observe the travel table on page 21.

Actuators with 175 to 750 cm² effective areas (see Fig. 4)

Mount the positioner on the yoke. The signal pressure is routed to the actuator over the connection block (12), for actuators with failsafe action "actuator stem extends" internally through a hole in the valve yoke and for "actuator stem retracts" through an external pipe.

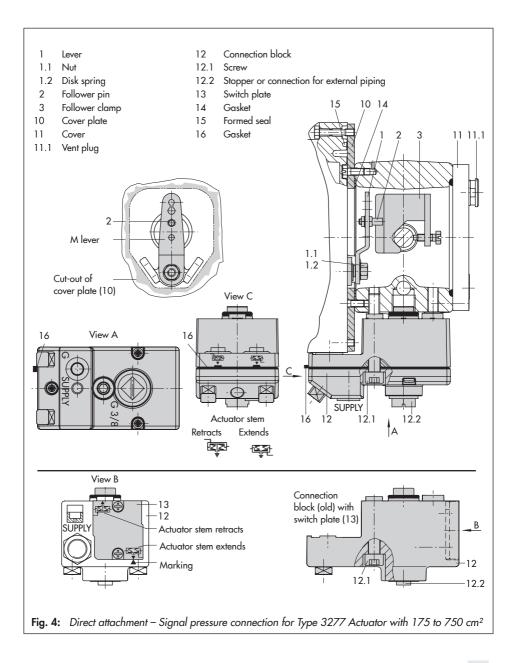
- Place follower clamp (3) on the actuator stem, align it and screw tight so that the mounting screw is located in the groove of the actuator stem.
- Mount cover plate (10) with narrow side of the cut-out (Fig. 4, on the left) pointing towards the signal pressure connection. Make sure that the gasket (14) points towards the actuator yoke.
- For actuators with 355, 700 or 750 cm², remove the follower pin (2) on the M lever (1) on the back of the positioner from pin position 35, reposition it in the hole for pin position 50 and screw tight. For actuators 175, 240 and 350 cm² with 15 mm travel, keep the follower pin (2) in pin position 35.
- 4. Insert formed seal (15) into the groove of the positioner housing.
- Place positioner on the cover plate in such a manner that the follower pin (2) rests on the top of the follower clamp (3).

Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly and open the positioner cover to hold the positioner shaft in position at the cap or rotary pushbutton. The lever (1) must rest on the follower clamp with spring force. Mount the positioner on the cover plate (10) using the two fixing screws.

6. Make sure that the tip of the gasket (16) projecting from the side of the connection block is positioned to match the actuator symbol for the actuator's fail-safe action "actuator stem extends" or "actuator stem retracts". If this is not the case, unscrew the three fastening screws and lift off the cover. Turn the gasket (16) by 180° and re-insert it.

The old connection block version (Fig. 4, bottom) requires the switch plate (13) to be turned to align the actuator symbol with the arrow marking.

- 7. Place the connection block (12) with the associated seals against the positioner and the actuator yoke and fasten using the screw (12.1). For actuators with fail-safe action "actuator stem retracts", additionally remove the stopper (12.2) and mount the external signal pressure pipe.
- Mount cover (11) on the other side. Make sure that the vent plug is located at the bottom when the control valve is installed to allow any condensed water that collects to drain off.



4.2 Attachment according to IEC 60534-6

- Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 3 on page 52
- Observe the travel table on page 21.

Fig. 5

The positioner is attached to the control valve using a NAMUR bracket (10).

 Screw the two bolts (14) to the bracket (9.1) of the stem connector (9), place the follower plate (3) on top and use the screws (14.1) for fastening.

Actuator sizes 2800 cm² and 1400 cm² with 120 mm travel:

- For a travel of 60 mm or smaller, screw the longer follower plate (3.1) directly to the stem connector (9).
- For a travel exceeding 60 mm, mount the bracket (16) first and then the follower plate (3) to the bracket together with the bolts (14) and screws (14.1).
- 2. Mount NAMUR bracket (10) to the control valve as follows:
 - For attachment to the NAMUR rib, use an M8 screw (11) and toothed lock washer directly in the yoke hole.
 - For attachment to valves with rodtype yokes, use two U-bolts (15) around the yoke. Align the NAMUR bracket (10) according to the embossed scale so that the follower plate (3) is shifted by half the angle range to the NAMUR bracket (the slot of the follower plate is centrally

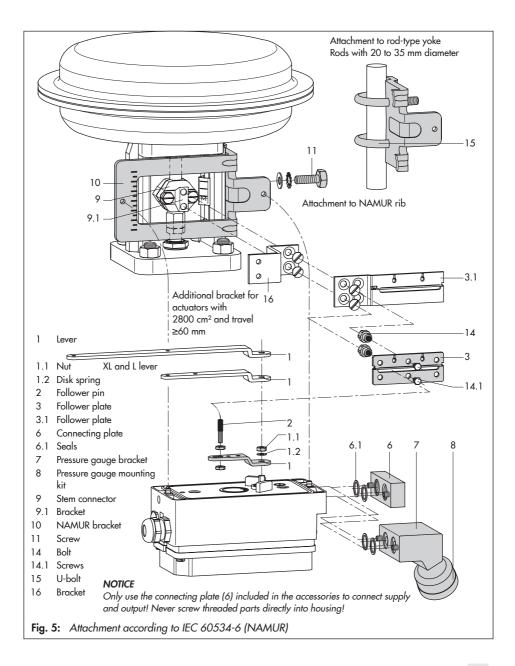
aligned with the NAMUR bracket at mid valve travel).

- Mount connecting plate (6) or pressure gauge bracket (7) with pressure gauges on the positioner, making sure the two seals (6.1) are seated properly.
- Select required lever size (1) M, L or XL and pin position according to the actuator size and valve travel listed in the travel table on page 21.

Should a pin position other than position **35** with the standard **M** lever be required, or an **L** or **XL** lever size be required, proceed as follows:

- Screw the follower pin (2) in the assigned lever hole (pin position as specified in the travel table). Only use the longer follower pin (2) included in the mounting kit.
- Place the lever (1) on the shaft of the positioner and fasten it tight using the disk spring (1.2) and nut (1.1). Move lever once all the way as far as it will go in both directions.
- Place positioner on the NAMUR bracket in such a manner that the follower pin (2) rests in the slot of the follower plate (3, 3.1). Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly.

Screw the positioner to the NAMUR bracket using both its mounting screws.



4.3 Attachment according to VDI/VDE 3847

Type 3730-6-xxxxx0xx0600 and Type 3730-6-xxxxx0xx0700 Positioners with air purging of the actuator's spring chamber can be attached according to VDI/ VDE 3847.

Type 3730-6xxxxxx0xx0000 Positioner without air purging of the actuator's spring chamber can be attached according to VDI/ VDE 3847.

This type of attachment allows the positioner to be replaced quickly while the process is running by blocking the air in the actuator.

The signal pressure can be blocked in the actuator by unscrewing the red retaining screw (20) and then turning the air blocker (19) on the bottom of the adapter block.

Attachment to Type 3277 Actuator (see Fig. 6)

- Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 4 on page 52

Mount the positioner on the yoke as shown in Fig. 6. The signal pressure is routed to the actuator over the connecting plate (12), for actuators with fail-safe action "actuator stem extends" internally through a bore in the valve yoke and for "actuator stem retracts" through external piping.

Only the Y1 port is required for positioner attachment. The Y2 port can be used for air purging of the spring chamber.

1. Place follower clamp (3) on the actuator stem, align it and screw tight so that the

mounting screw is located in the groove of the actuator stem.

- Place the adapter bracket (6) on the positioner and mount using the screws (6.1). Make sure that the seals are correctly seated. For positioners with air purging, remove the stopper (5) before mounting the positioner. For positioners without air purging, replace the screw plug (4) with a vent plug.
- For actuators with 355, 700 or 750 cm², remove the follower pin (2) on the M lever (1) on the back of the positioner from pin position 35, reposition it in the hole for pin position 50 and screw tight.

For actuators 175, 240 and 350 cm² with 15 mm travel, keep the follower pin (2) in pin position 35.

- 4. Insert the formed seal (6.2) in the groove of the adapter bracket (6).
- 5. Insert the formed seal (17.1) into the turnboard (17) and mount the turnboard to the adapter block (13) using the screws (17.2).
- Mount the blank plate (18) to the turnboard (17) using the screws (18.1). Make sure that the seals are correctly seated.

Note:

1

A solenoid valve can also be mounted in place of the blank plate (18). The orientation of the turnboard (17) determines the mounting position of the solenoid valve. Alternatively, a restrictor plate can be mounted (► AB 11 EN).

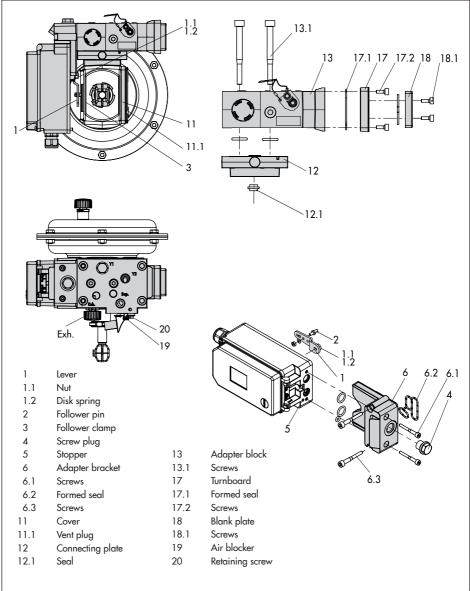
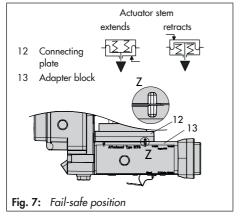


Fig. 6: Attachment according to VDI/VDE 3847 to Type 3277 Actuator

- 7. Insert the screws (13.1) through the middle holes of the adapter block (13).
- Place the connecting plate (12) together with the seal (12.1) onto the screws (13.1) corresponding to the fail-safe action "actuator stem extends" or "actuator stem retracts". The fail-safe action that applies is determined by aligning the groove of the adapter block (13) with the groove of the connecting plate (12) (Fig. 7).



- Mount the adapter block (13) together with the connecting plate (12) to the actuator using the screws (13.1).
- 10. Insert the vent plug (11.1) into the **Exh.** connection.
- For fail-safe action "actuator stem extends", seal the Y1 port with a blanking plug.

For fail-safe action "actuator stem retracts", connect the Y1 port to the signal pressure connection of the actuator. Place positioner on the adapter block (13) in such a manner that the follower pin (2) rests on the top of the follower clamp (3). Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly and open the positioner cover to hold the positioner shaft in position at the cap or rotary pushbutton.

The lever (1) must rest on the follower clamp with spring force.

Fasten the positioner to the adapter block (13) using the two fixing screws (6.3). Make sure the formed seal (6.2) is properly seated.

12. Mount cover (11) on the other side to the yoke. Make sure that the vent plug is located at the bottom when the control valve is installed to allow any condensed water that collects to drain off.

Attachment to NAMUR rib (see Fig. 8)

- Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 4 on page 52
- Observe the travel table on page 21.
- Series 240 Valves, actuator size up to 1400-60 cm²: Screw the two bolts (14) to the bracket of the stem connector or directly to the stem connector (depending on the version), place the follower plate (3) on top and use the screws (14.1) to fasten it.

Type 3251 Valve, 350 to 2800 cm²:

Screw the longer follower plate (3.1) to the bracket of the stem connector or directly to the stem connector (depending on the version).

Type 3254 Valve, 1400-120 to

2800 cm²: Screw the two bolts (14) to the bracket (16). Fasten the bracket (16) onto the stem connector, place the follower plate (3) on top and use the screws (14.1) to fasten it.

Mount the positioner on the NAMUR rib as shown in Fig. 8.

For attachment to the NAMUR rib, fasten the NAMUR connection block (10) directly into the existing yoke bore using the screw and toothed lock washer (11). Align the marking on the NAMUR valve connection (on the side marked '1') to 50 % travel.

For attachment to **valves with rod-type yokes**, use the two U-bolts (15) around the yoke. Fasten the NAMUR connection block (10) directly into the existing yoke bore using the screw and toothed lock washer (11). Align the marking on the NAMUR valve connection (on the side marked '1') to 50 % travel.

- Place the adapter bracket (6) on the positioner and mount using the screws (6.1). Make sure that the seals are correctly seated. For positioners with air purging, remove the stopper (5) before mounting the positioner. For positioners without air purging, replace the screw plug (4) with a vent plug.
- Select required lever size (1) M, L or XL and pin position according to the actuator size and valve travel listed in the travel table on page 21.

Should a pin position other than position 35 with the standard M lever be required, or an L or XL lever size be required, proceed as follows:

- Screw the follower pin (2) in the assigned lever hole (pin position as specified in the travel table). Only use the longer follower pin (2) included in the mounting kit.
- Place the lever (1) on the shaft of the positioner and fasten it tight using the disk spring (1.2) and nut (1.1).
- Move lever once all the way as far as it will go in both directions.

- 5. Insert the formed seal (6.2) in the groove of the adapter bracket.
- 6. Insert the formed seal (17.1) into the turnboard (17) and mount the turnboard to the adapter block (13) using the screws (17.2).
- Mount the blank plate (18) to the turnboard using the screws (18.1). Make sure that the seals are correctly seated.

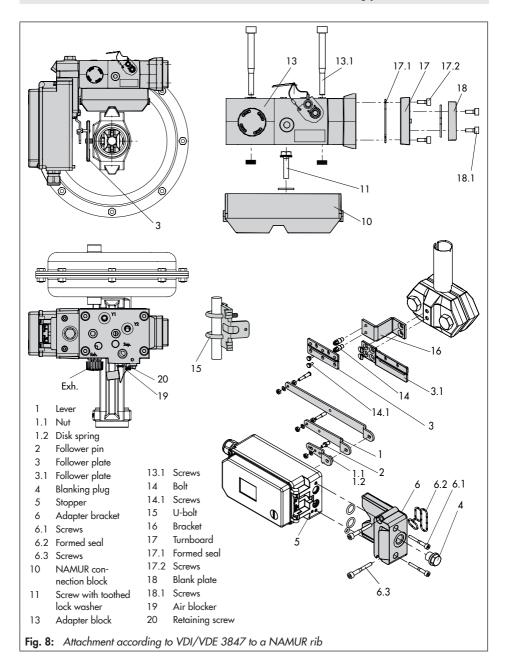
Note:

- A solenoid valve can also be mounted in place of the blank plate (18). The orientation of the turnboard (17) determines the mounting position of the solenoid valve. Alternatively, a restrictor plate can be mounted (► AB 11 EN).
- 8. Fasten the adapter block (13) to the NAMUR connection block using the screws (13.1).
- Insert the vent plug into the Exh. connection.
- Place the positioner on the adapter block (13) in such a manner that the follower pin (2) rests on the top of the follower plate (3, 3.1). Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly.

Fasten the positioner to the adapter block (13) using the two fixing screws (6.3). Make sure the formed seal (6.2) is properly seated.

11. For single-acting actuators without air purging, connect the Y1 port of the adapter block to the signal pressure connection of the actuator. Seal the Y2 port with a blanking plug.

For **double-acting actuators and actuators with air purging**, connect the Y2 port of the adapter block to the signal pressure connection of the second actuator chamber or spring chamber of the actuator.



4.4 Attachment to Type 3510 Micro-flow Valve

Fig. 9

- Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 3 on page 52
- Observe the travel table on page 21.

The positioner is attached to the valve yoke using a bracket.

- 1. Fasten the bracket (9.1) to the stem connector.
- Screw the two bolts (9.2) to the bracket (9.1) of the stem connector (9), place the follower plate (3) on top and use the screws (9.3) for fastening.
- Mount the travel indication scale (accessories) to the outer side of the yoke using the hex screws (12.1), ensuring that the scale is aligned with the stem connector.
- Fasten the hex bar (11) onto the outer side of yoke by screwing the M8 screws (11.1) directly into the holes on the yoke.
- 5. Fasten the bracket (10) to the hex bar (11) using the hex screw (10.1), washer and tooth lock washer.
- Mount connecting plate (6) or pressure gauge bracket (7) with pressure gauges on the positioner, making sure the two seals are seated properly.
- Unscrew the standard M lever (1) including follower pin (2) from the positioner shaft.
- 8. Take the S lever (1) and screw the follower pin (2) in the hole for pin position 17.

- Place the S lever on the positioner shaft and screw tight using the disk spring (1.2) and nut (1.1). Move lever once all the way as far as it will go in both directions.
- 10. Place positioner on the bracket (10) in such a manner that the follower pin slides into the groove of the follower pin (3). Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly. Screw the positioner to the bracket (10) using both its screws.

4.5 Attachment to rotary actuators

Fig. 11

- Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 5 on page 53
- Observe the travel table on page 21.

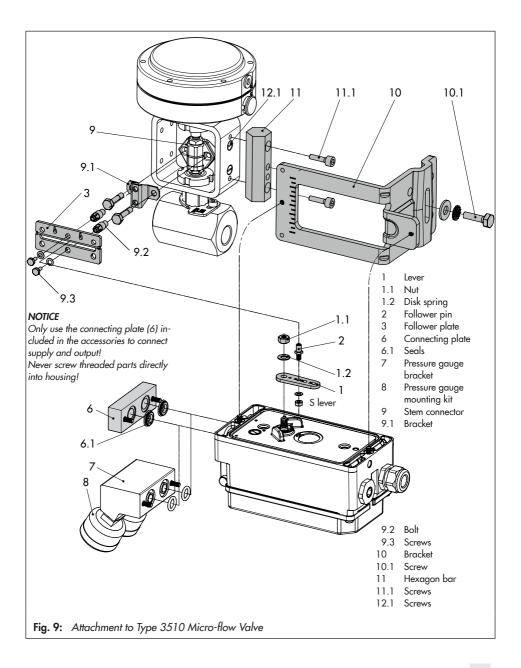
The positioner is mounted to the rotary actuator using two pairs of brackets.

Prior to attaching the positioner to the SAMSON Type 3278 Rotary Actuator, mount the associated adapter (5) to the free end of the rotary actuator shaft.

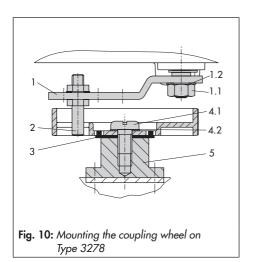
Note:

On attaching the positioner as described below, it is imperative that the actuator's direction of rotation is observed.

1. Place follower clamp (3) on the slotted actuator shaft or adapter (5).



- Place coupling wheel (4) with flat side facing the actuator on the follower clamp (3). Refer to Fig. 11 to align slot so that it matches the direction of rotation when the valve is in its closed position.
- Fasten the coupling wheel (4) and follower clamp (3) tightly onto the actuator shaft using screw (4.1) and disk spring (4.2).
- 4. Fasten the bottom pair of brackets (10.1) with the bends pointing either facing to the inside or to the outside (depending on the actuator size) onto the actuator housing. Position the top pair of brackets (10) and fasten.
- 5. Mount connecting plate (6) or pressure gauge bracket (7) with pressure gauges on the positioner, making sure the two seals are seated properly. **Double-acting** springless rotary actuators require the use of a reversing amplifier on the connection



side of the positioner housing (see section 4.6).

- Unscrew the standard follower pin (2) from the positioner's M lever (1). Use the metal follower pin (Ø 5 mm) included in the mounting kit and screw tight into the hole for pin position 90°.
- 7. Place positioner on the top bracket (10) and fasten tight. Taking the actuator's direction of rotation into account, adjust lever (1) so that it engages in the slot of the coupling wheel (4) with its follower pin (Fig. 11). It must be guaranteed that the lever (1) is parallel to the long side of the positioner when the actuator is at half its angle of rotation.
- Stick the scale plate (4.3) on the coupling wheel so that the arrow tip indicates the closed position and it can be easily read when the valve is installed.

4.5.1 Heavy-duty version

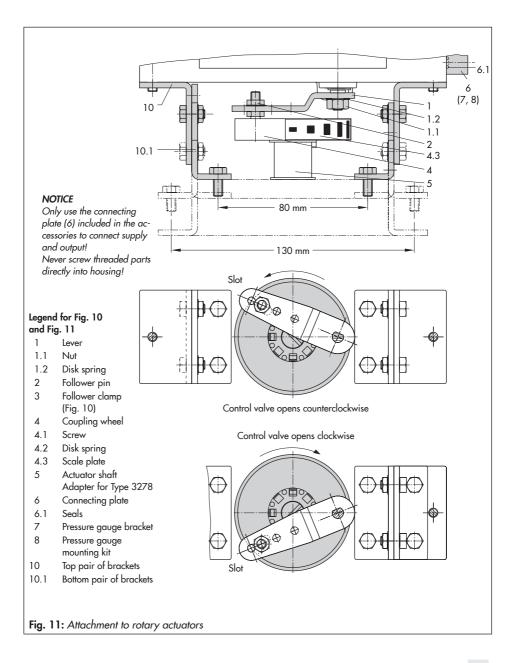
Fig. 12

 Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 5 on page 53

Both mounting kits contain all the necessary mounting parts. The parts for the actuator size used must be selected from the mounting kit.

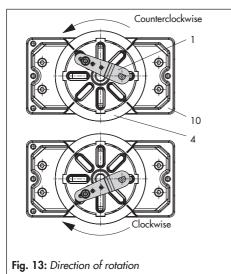
Prepare actuator, and mount required adapter supplied by the actuator manufacturer, if necessary.

1. Mount the housing (10) onto the rotary actuator. In case of VDI/VDE attachment,



place spacers (11) underneath, if necessary.

- For SAMSON Type 3278 and VETEC S160 Rotary Actuators, screw the adapter (5) onto the free end of the shaft or place adapter (5.1) onto the shaft of the VETEC R Actuator. Place adapter (3) onto Type 3278, VETEC S160 and VETEC R Actuators. For VDI/VDE version, this step depends on the actuator size.
- Stick adhesive label (4.3) onto the coupling in such a manner that the yellow part of the sticker is visible in the window of the housing when the valve is OPEN. Adhesive labels with explanatory symbols are enclosed and can be stuck on the housing, if required.
- Fasten coupling (4) on the slotted actuator shaft or adapter (3) using screw (4.1) and disk spring (4.2).

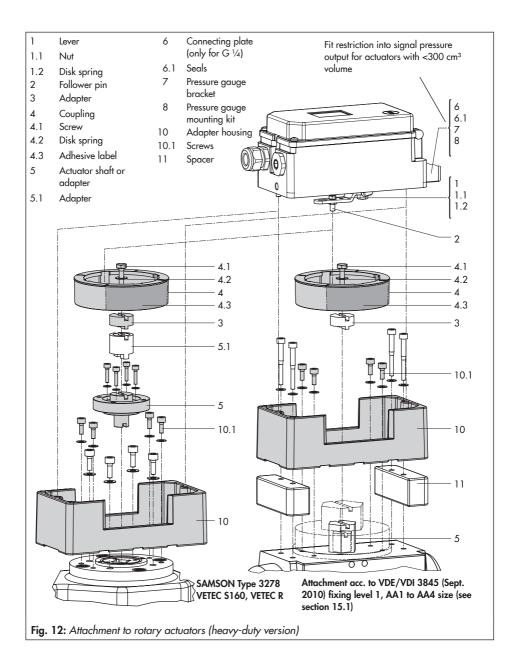


- Unscrew the standard follower pin (2) from the positioner's M lever (1). Attach the follower pin (Ø 5 mm) included in the mounting kit to pin position 90°.
- 6. Mount connecting plate (6) for required G ¼ connecting thread or pressure gauge bracket (7) with pressure gauges on the positioner, making sure the two seals (6.1) are seated properly. Double-acting springless rotary actuators require the use of a reversing amplifier on the connection side of the positioner housing (refer to section 4.6).
- For actuators with a volume of less than 300 cm³, fit the restriction (order no. 1400-6964) into the signal pressure output of the positioner (or the output of the pressure gauge bracket or connecting plate).
- Place positioner on housing (10) and screw it tight. Taking the actuator's direction of rotation into account, adjust lever (1) so that it engages in the correct slot with its follower pin (Fig. 13).

4.6 Reversing amplifier for double-acting actuators

For the use with double-acting actuators, the positioner must be fitted with a reversing amplifier, e.g. the SAMSON Type 3710 Reversing Amplifier (see Mounting and Operating Instructions ► EB 8392 EN).

If a different reversing amplifier (item no. 1079-1118 or 1079-1119) is used, follow the mounting instructions described in section 4.6.1.



The following applies to all reversing amplifiers:

The signal pressure of the positioner is supplied at the output 1 of the reversing amplifier. An opposing pressure, which equals the required supply pressure (Z) when added to the pressure at output 1, is applied at output 2.

The following relationship applies:

Output 1 + Output 2 = Supply pressure (Z).

Connect output 1 to the loading pressure connection on the actuator that causes the valve to open when the pressure rises.

Connect output 2 to the loading pressure connection on the actuator that causes the valve to close when the pressure rises.

→ Set slide switch on positioner to AIR TO OPEN.

Note:

How the outputs are marked depends on the reversing amplifier used:

- **Type 3710:** Output $1/2 = Y_1/Y_2$
- 1079-1118 and 1079-1119:

 $Output 1/2 = A_1/A_2$

4.6.1 Reversing amplifier (1079-1118 or 1079-1119)

Fig. 14

 Mount the connecting plate (6) from the accessories in Table 5 to the positioner. Make sure that both O-rings (6.1) are seated correctly.

- Thread the special nuts (1.3) from the accessories of the reversing amplifier into the boreholes of the connecting plate.
- Insert the gasket (1.2) into the recess of the reversing amplifier and slide both the hollowed special screws (1.1) into the connecting boreholes A₁ and Z.
- Place the reversing amplifier onto the connecting plate (6) and screw tight using both the special screws (1.1).
- Use a screwdriver (8 mm wide) to screw the enclosed filters (1.6) into the connection boreholes A₁ and Z.

NOTICE

Air can escape uncontrolled from the signal pressure connection. Do not unscrew the sealing plug (1.5) out of the reversing amplifier.

Note:

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The rubber seal (1.4) is not required and can be removed when the sealing plug is used.

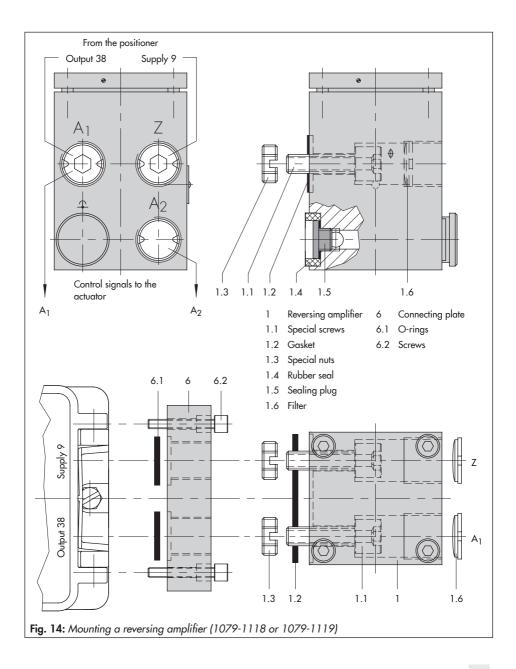
6. After initialization, set Code 16 (Pressure limit) to No.

Pressure gauge attachment

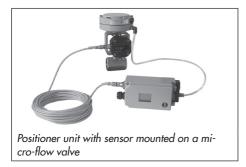
The mounting sequence shown in Fig. 14 remains unchanged. Screw a pressure gauge bracket onto the connections A_1 and Z.

Pressure gauge	G 1⁄4	1400-7106
bracket	1⁄4 NPT	1400-7107

Pressure gauges for supply air Z and output A_1 as listed in Table 1 to Table 7.



4.7 Attachment of external position sensor



 Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 7 on page 54

In the positioner version with an external position sensor, the sensor located in a separate housing is attached over a plate or bracket to the control valve. The travel pick-off corresponds to that of a standard device. The positioner can be mounted as required to a wall or a pipe.

For the pneumatic connection either a connecting plate (6) or a pressure gauge bracket (7) must be fixed to the housing, depending on the accessory chosen. Make sure the seals (6.1) are correctly inserted (see Fig. 5, bottom right).

For the electrical connection a 10 meter connecting lead with M12x1 connectors is included in the scope of delivery.



Note:

 In addition, the instructions in sections 5.1 and 5.2 apply for the pneumatic and electrical connection. Operation and setting are described in sections 7 and 8.

- Since 2009, the back of the position sensor (20) is fitted with two pins acting as mechanical stops for the lever (1). If this position sensor is mounted using old mounting parts, two corresponding Ø 8 mm holes must be drilled into the mounting plate/bracket (21). A template is available for this purpose. See Table 7.

4.7.1 Mounting the position sensor with direct attachment

Type 3277-5 Actuator with 120 cm² (Fig. 15)

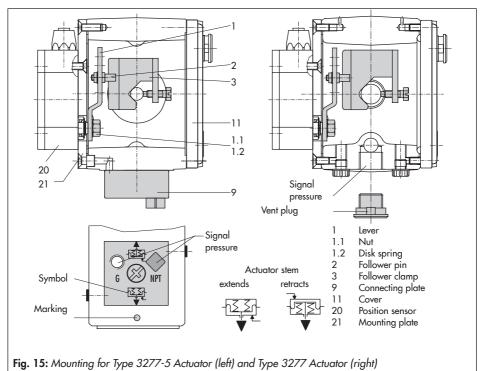
The signal pressure from the positioner is routed over the signal pressure connection of the connecting plate (9, Fig. 15 left) to the actuator diaphragm chamber. To proceed, first screw the connecting plate (9) included in the accessories onto the actuator yoke.

 Turn the connecting plate (9) so that the correct symbol for the fail-safe action "actuator stem extends" or "actuator stem retracts" is aligned with the marking (Fig. 15, below).

- Make absolutely sure that the gasket for the connecting plate (9) is correctly inserted.
- The connecting plate has threaded holes with NPT and G threads. Seal the threaded connection that is not used with the rubber seal and square plug.

Type 3277 Actuator with 175 to 750 cm²:

The signal pressure is routed to the connection at the side of the actuator yoke for the version with "actuator stem extends" fail-safe



action. For the fail-safe action "actuator stem retracts" the connection on the top diaphragm case is used. The connection at the side of the yoke must be fitted with a venting plug (accessories).

Mounting the position sensor

- Place the lever (1) on the sensor in mid-position and hold it in place. Unthread the nut (1.1) and remove the lever together with the disk spring (1.2) from the sensor shaft.
- 2. Screw the position sensor (20) onto the mounting plate (21).
- Depending on the actuator size and rated valve travel, determine which lever and position of the follower pin (2) is to be used from the travel table on page 21. The positioner is delivered with the M lever in pin position 35 on the sensor. If necessary, remove the follower pin (2) from its pin position and move it to the hole for the recommended pin position and screw tight.
- Place the lever (1) and disk spring (1.2) on the sensor shaft. Place the lever in mid-position and hold it in place. Screw on the nut (1.1).
- Place follower clamp (3) on the actuator stem, align it and screw tight so that the mounting screw is located in the groove of the actuator stem.
- 6. Place the mounting plate together with the sensor onto the actuator yoke so that the follower pin (2) rests on the top of the follower clamp (3). It must rest on it with spring force. Fasten the mounting plate

(21) onto the actuator yoke using both fixing screws.

 Mount cover (11) on the other side. Make sure that the vent plug is located at the bottom when the control valve is installed to allow any condensed water that collects to drain off.

4.7.2 Mounting the position sensor with attachment according to IEC 60534-6

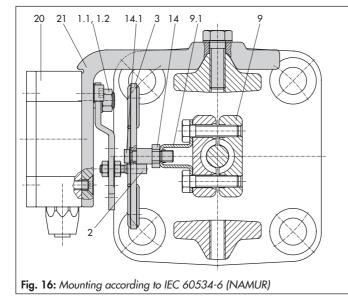
 Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 7 on page 54

Fig. 16

- Place the lever (1) on the position sensor in mid-position and hold it in place. Unthread the nut (1.1) and remove the lever together with the disk spring (1.2) from the sensor shaft.
- 2. Screw the position sensor (20) onto the bracket (21).

The standard attached **M** lever with the follower pin (2) at position **35** is designed for 120 to 350 cm² actuators with 15 mm rated travel. For other actuator sizes or travels, select the lever and pin position from the travel table on page 21. L and XL levers are included in the mounting kit.

- Place the lever (1) and disk spring (1.2) on the sensor shaft. Place the lever in mid-position and hold it in place. Screw on the nut (1.1).
- Screw the two bolts (14) to the bracket (9.1) of the stem connector (9), place the follower plate (3) on top and use the screws (14.1) for fastening.
- Place the bracket with the sensor at the NAMUR rib in such a manner that the follower pin (2) rests in the slot of the follower plate (3), then screw the bracket using its fixing screws onto the valve.



- 1 Lever
- 1.1 Nut
- 1.2 Disk spring
- 2 Follower pin
- 3 Follower plate
- 9 Stem connector
- 9.1 Bracket
- 14 Pin
- 14.1 Screws
- 20 Position sensor
- 21 Bracket

4.7.3 Mounting the position sensor to Type 3510 Micro-flow Valve

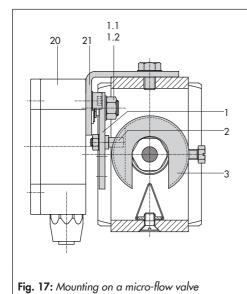
 Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 7 on page 54

Fig. 17

- Place the lever (1) on the position sensor in mid-position and hold it in place. Unscrew the nut (1.1) and remove the standard attached M lever (1) together with the disk spring (1.2) from the sensor shaft.
- 2. Screw the position sensor (20) onto the bracket (21).
- 3. Select the **S** lever (1) from the accessories and screw the follower pin (2) into the

hole for pin position **17**. Place the lever (1) and disk spring (1.2) on the sensor shaft. Place the lever in mid-position and hold it in place. Screw on the nut (1.1).

- Place follower clamp (3) on the valve stem connector, align at a right angle and screw tight.
- Position the bracket (21) with the position sensor on the valve yoke and screw tight, making sure the follower pin (2) slides into the groove of the follower clamp (3).



- 1 Lever
- 1.1 Nut
- 1.2 Disk spring
- 2 Follower pin
- 3 Follower clamp
- 20 Position sensor
- 21 Bracket

4.7.4 Mounting on rotary actuators

 Required mounting parts and accessories: Table 7 on page 54

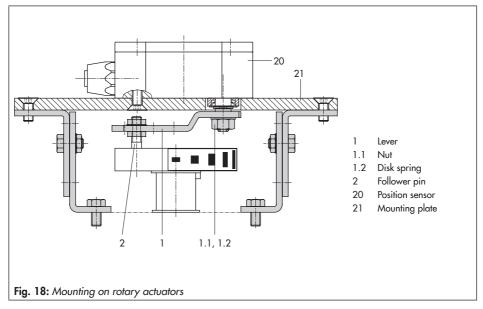
Fig. 18

- Place the lever (1) on the position sensor in mid-position and hold it in place. Unthread the nut (1.1) and remove the lever together with the disk spring (1.2) from the sensor shaft.
- 2. Screw the position sensor (20) onto the mounting plate (21).
- Replace the follower pin (2) normally attached to the lever (1) with the metal follower pin (Ø 5 mm) from the accessories and screw it into the hole for pin position 90°.

 Place the lever (1) and disk spring (1.2) on the sensor shaft. Place the lever in mid-position and hold it in place. Screw on the nut (1.1).

Follow the instructions describing attachment to the standard positioner in section 4.5.

Instead of the positioner, attach the position sensor (20) with its mounting plate (21).



4.8 Mounting the leakage sensor

Fig. 19

Normally, the control valve is delivered with positioner and leakage sensor already mounted.

If the leakage sensor is mounted after the valve has been installed or it is mounted onto another control valve, proceed as described in following.

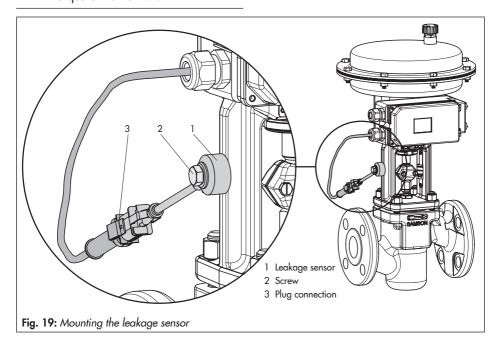
NOTICE

Risk of malfunction due to incorrect fastening! Fasten the leakage sensor using a torque of 20 ±5 Nm. The M8 threaded connection on the NAMUR rib should preferably be used to mount the sensor (Fig. 19).

Tip: -`\....

If the positioner was mounted directly onto the actuator (integral attachment), the NAMUR interfaces on either side of the valve yoke can be used to mount the leakage sensor.

The start-up of the leakage sensor is described in detail in the Operating Instructions for EXPERTplus Valve Diagnostics EB 8389-1 EN.



4.9 Attaching positioners with stainless steel housings

Positioners with stainless steel housings require mounting parts that are completely made of stainless steel or free of aluminum.

Note:

The pneumatic connecting plate and pressure gauge bracket are available in stainless steel (order numbers listed below). The Type 3710 Pneumatic Reversing Amplifier is also available in stainless steel.

Connecting plate	G ¼	1400-7476
(stainless steel)	¼ NPT	1400-7477
Pressure gauge bracket (stainless steel)	G ¼ ¼ NPT	1402-0265 1400-7108

Table 1 to Table 6 apply for attaching positioners with stainless steel housings with the following restrictions:

Direct attachment

All mounting kits from Table 1 and Table 2 can be used. The connection block is not required. The stainless steel version of the pneumatic connecting plate routes the air internally to the actuator.

Attachment according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR rib or attachment to rod-type yokes)

All mounting kits from Table 3 can be used. Connecting plate in stainless steel.

Attachment to rotary actuators

All mounting kits from Table 5 can be used except for the heavy-duty version. Connecting plate in stainless steel.

4.10 Air purging function for single-acting actuators

The instrument air leaving from the positioner is diverted to the actuator spring chamber to provide corrosion protection inside the actuator. The following must be observed:

Direct attachment to Type 3277-5 (stem extends FA/stem retracts FE)

The air purging function is automatically provided.

Direct attachment to Type 3277, 175 to 750 \mbox{cm}^2

FA: Remove the stopper (12.2, Fig. 4) at the black connection block and make a pneumatic connection to the spring chamber on the vented side.

NOTICE

Mounting possibly incorrect when old powder-paint-coated aluminum connection blocks are used.

> Mount old powder-paint-coated aluminum connection blocks as described in sections on "Attachment according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR rib or attachment to rod-type yokes)" and "Attachment to rotary actuators".

FE: The air purging function is automatically provided.

Attachment according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR rib or attachment to rod-type yokes) and to rotary actuators

The positioner requires an additional port for the exhaust air that can be connected over piping. An adapter available as an accessory is used for this purpose:

Threaded bushing	G 1⁄4	0310-2619
(M20 x 1.5)	1/4 NPT	0310-2550

Note:

(î

The adapter uses one of the M20 x 1.5 connections in the housing which means **only one** cable gland can be installed. Should other valve accessories be used which vent the actuator (e.g. solenoid valve, volume booster, quick exhaust valve), this exhaust air must also be included in the purging function. The connection over the adapter at the positioner must be protected with a check valve (e.g. check valve G 1/4, order no. 8502-0597) mounted in the piping. Otherwise the pressure in the positioner housing would rise above the ambient pressure and damage the positioner when the exhausting components respond suddenly.

4.11 Required mounting parts and accessories

Table 1: Direct attachment to Type 3277-5 Actuator (Fig. 3)			Order no.
	Standard version for actuators 120 cm ² or smaller		1400-7452
Mounting parts	Version compatible with paint for actuators 120 cm ² or sm	aller	1402-0940
	Old switchover plate for Type 3277-5xxxxxx.00 Actuator	(old)	1400-6819
	New switchover plate for Type 3277-5xxxxxx.01 Actuator	(new) 1)	1400-6822
Accessories for actuator	New connecting plate for Type 3277-5xxxxx.01 Actuator (new) $^{1)},$ G $^{\prime\prime\!s}$ and $^{\prime\prime\!s}$ NPT		1400-6823
	Old connecting plate for Type 3277-5xxxxx.00 Actuator (old): G 1/8		1400-6820
	Old connecting plate for Type 3277-5xxxxxx. 00 (old): ½ NPT		1400-6821
		G 1⁄4	1400-7461
	Connecting plate (6)	1/4 NPT	1400-7462
Accessories for		G 1⁄4	1400-7458
positioner	Pressure gauge bracket (7)	1/4 NPT	1400-7459
	Pressure gauge mounting kit (8) up to max. 6 bar	St. steel/brass	1400-6950
(output/supply)		St. steel/st. steel	1400-6951

¹⁾ Only new switchover and connecting plates can be used with new actuators (Index 01). Old and new plates are not interchangeable.

Table 2: Di	irect attachment to Type 3277 Actuator (Fig.	4)			Order no.
Mounting	Standard version for actuators 175, 240, 350, 355, 700, 750 cm ²			1400-7453	
parts	Version compatible with paint for actuators 175, 2	240, 350, 3	55, 700, 7	750 cm ²	1402-0941
			Steel	G 1/4/G 3/8	1402-0970
		175 cm ²	Sieei	1⁄4 NPT/ 3⁄8 NPT	1402-0976
			St. steel	G ¼ / G ¾	1402-0971
			SI. SIEEI	1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0978
			Steel	G ¼ / G ¾	1400-6444
		240 cm ²	Steel	1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0911
		240 cm-	St. stard	G ¼ / G ¾	1400-6445
			St. steel	1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0912
			ci I	G ¼ / G ¾	1400-6446
	Piping with screw fittings – for "actuator stem retracts" fail-safe action – with air purging of the top diaphragm chamber	250 2	Steel	1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0913
		350 cm ²	St. steel	G ¼ / G ¾	1400-6447
				1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0914
		355 cm ²	Steel St. steel	G ¼ / G ¾	1402-0972
Accessories				1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0979
Accessories				G ¼ / G ¾	1402-0973
				1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0980
		700 cm ²	Steel	G ¼ / G ¾	1400-6448
				1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0915
				G ¼ / G ¾	1400-6449
			Sr. steel	1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0916
			ci l	G ¼ / G ¾	1402-0974
		750 cm ²	Steel	1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0981
		750 cm-	<u> </u>	G ¼ / G ¾	1402-0975
			St. steel	1/4 NPT/ 3/8 NPT	1402-0982
	Comparties black with cools and com		G 1⁄4		1400-8819
	Connection block with seals and screw		1/4 NPT		1402-0901
	Pressure gauge mounting kit up to max. 6 bar (ou	tput/	Stainless	steel/brass	1400-6950
	supply) St. steel		1400-6951		

Table 3: Attachment to NAMUR ribs or control valves with rod-type yokes (20 to 35 mm rod diameter)				
according to IEC 60534-6 (Fig. 5 and Fig. 9)				
Travel in mm	Lever	For actuator		Order no.
7.5	S	Type 3271-5 with 60/120 cm ² on Type 3510 Micro-flow	v Valve (Fig. 9)	1402-0478
5 to 50	M 1)	Actuators from other manufacturers and Type 3271 with tive areas	120 to 750 cm ² effec-	1400-7454
14 to 100	L	Actuators from other manufacturers and Type 3271 with $60\ \mbox{cm}^2$	1000 and 1400-	1400-7455
40 to 200	XL	Actuators from other manufacturers and Type 3271 with 1400-120 and 2800 cm ² and with 120 mm travel		1400-7456
		Type 3271 with 1400-120 and 2800 cm ² with 30/60 mm travel		1400-7466
30 or 60	L	Mounting brackets for Emerson and Masoneilan linear actuators (in addition, a mounting kit according to IEC 60534-6 is required depending on the travel). See rows above.		1400-6771
		Valtek Type 25/50		1400-9554
	C		G 1⁄4	1400-7461
	Connec	ting plate (6)	1/4 NPT	1400-7462
	D		G 1⁄4	1400-7458
Accessories	Pressure gauge bracket (7)		1/4 NPT	1400-7459
	D		Stainless steel/brass	1400-6950
Pressure gauge mounting kit up to max. 6 bar (output/supply) St. steel/st. steel		1400-6951		

¹⁾ M lever is mounted on basic device (included in the scope of delivery)

Table 4: Attachment according to VDI/VDE 3847 (Fig. 6 and Fig. 8)		
Electropneur	natic positioners with VDI/VDE 3847 interface (Type 3730-6-xxxxxx0xx0700)	Order no.
	Interface adapter	1402-0257
	Mounting kit for attachment to SAMSON Type 3277 Actuator	
Mounting parts	Mounting kit for attachment to SAMSON Type 3271 Actuator or non-SAMSON actua- tors	1402-0869
Travel pick-off for valve travel up to 100 mm		1402-0177
	Travel pick-off for 100 to 200 mm valve travel (SAMSON Type 3271 Actuator only)	1402-0178

Table 5: A	Table 5: Attachment to rotary actuators (Fig. 10 and Fig. 11)		
	Attachment acc. to VDI/VDE 3845 (September 2010), see section 15.	I for details	
	Actuator surface corresponds to fixing level 1		
	Size AA1 to AA4, version with CrNiMo steel bracket		1400-7448
	Size AA1 to AA4, heavy-duty version		1400-9244
	Size AA5, heavy-duty version (e.g. Air Torque 10 000)		1400-9542
	Bracket surface corresponds to fixing level 2, heavy-duty version	on	1400-9526
Mounting parts	Alluchimeni for foldry activators with max. Too opening angle, fixing lever z		
	Attachment to SAMSON Type 3278 with 160/320 cm ² , CrNiMo steel	bracket	1400-7614
	Attachment to SAMSON Type 3278 with 160 cm ² and to VETEC Type S160, Type R and Type M, heavy-duty version		
	Attachment to SAMSON Type 3278 with 320 cm ² and to VETEC Type S320, heavy-duty version		1400-5891 and 1400-9526
	Attachment to Camflex II		1400-9120
	Connection alots (4)	G 1⁄4	1400-7461
	Connecting plate (6)	1/4 NPT	1400-7462
Accessories	Pressure grupe bracket (7)	G 1⁄4	1400-7458
Accessories	Pressure gauge bracket (7)	1/4 NPT	1400-7459
	Pressure any a mounting liture to may 6 has (autout/aurah)	St. steel/brass	1400-6950
	Pressure gauge mounting kit up to max. 6 bar (output/supply)		1400-6951

Table 6: General accessories		Order no.	
Reversing amplifier for double-ad	ting actuators		Туре 3710
Black plastic (6 to 12 mm clamping range)		8808-1011	
	Blue plastic (6 to 12 mm clampi	ing range)	8808-1012
Cable gland M20 x 1.5,	Nickel-plated brass (6 to 12 mr	n clamping range)	1890-4875
	Nickel-plated brass (10 to 14 mm clamping range)		1922-8395
	Stainless steel 1.4305 (8 to 14.5 mm clamping range)		8808-0160
	Powder-coated aluminum		0310-2149
Adapter M20x1.5 to ½ NPT	Stainless steel		1400-4114
Retrofit kit for inductive limit conte	act 1 x SJ2-SN		1400-7460
		DE/EN (delivered state)	1990-0761
Cover plate with list of parameters and operating instructions EN/ES EN/FR		1990-3100	
		1990-3142	
TROVIS-VIEW 6661 with device module Type 3730-6			

Attachment to the control valve - Mounting parts and accessories

Table 6: General accessories	Order no.
Serial interface adapter (SAMSON SSP interface to RS-232 port on a PC)	1400-7700
Isolated USB interface adapter (SAMSON SSP interface to USB port on a PC) including TROVIS-VIEW CD-ROM	1400-9740

Table 7: Attachr	nent of external position sensor		Order no.
Template for mount	emplate for mounting position sensor on older mounting parts. See note on page 42		
	Mounting parts for actuators with 120 cm ² . See Fig. 15 (left).		
	Connecting plate (9, old) with	G 1/8	1400-6820
Direct attachment	Type 3277-5xxxxx.00 Actuator	1/8 NPT	1400-6821
Direct andenment	Connecting plate (new) with Type 3277-5x	xxxxxx.01 Actuator (new) 1)	1400-6823
	Mounting parts for actuators with 175, 24 (right).	0, 350, 355 and 700 cm². See Fig. 15	1400-7471
NAMUR attach- ment	Mounting parts for attachment to NAMUR	rib using L or XL lever. See Fig. 16.	1400-7468
Attachment to Type 3510 Micro- flow Valve	Mounting parts for Type 3271 Actuator wi	th 60 cm². See Fig. 17.	1400-7469
	VDI/VDE 3845 (September 2010), see sec	ction 15.1 for details.	
	Actuator surface corresponds to fixing level 1		
	Size AA1 to AA4 with follower clamp and coupling wheel, version with CrNiMo steel bracket. See Fig. 18.		1400-7473
	Size AA1 to AA4, heavy-duty version		1400-9384
Attachment to	Size AA5, heavy-duty version (e.g. Air Torque 10 000)		1400-9992
rotary actuators	Bracket surface corresponds to fixing level 2, heavy-duty version		1400-9974
	SAMSON Type 3278 with 160 $\rm cm^2$ and VETEC Type S160 and Type R, heavy-duty version		1400-9385
	SAMSON Type 3278 with 320 cm² and V	ETEC Type \$320, heavy-duty version	1400-5891 and 1400-9974
	Connecting plate (6)	G 1⁄4	1400-7461
	Connecting plate (6)	1/4 NPT	1400-7462
	Pressure gauge bracket (7)	G 1⁄4	1400-7458
Accessories for		1/4 NPT	1400-7459
positioner	Pressure gauge mounting kit up to max.	Stainless steel/brass	1400-6950
	6 bar (output/supply)	Stainless steel/stainless steel	1400-6951
	Bracket to mount the positioner on a wall (be provided at the site of installation as wo		0309-0111

¹⁾ Only new connecting plates can be used with new actuators (Index 01). Old and new plates are not interchangeable.

5 Connections

WARNING!

Risk of injury due to the actuator stem extending or retracting! Do not touch or block the actuator stem!

NOTICE

Malfunction due to incorrect sequence of mounting, installation and start-up.

Keep the following sequence.

- Remove the protective film from the pneumatic connections.
- Mount the positioner on the control valve.
- 3. Connect the supply air.
- 4. Connect the electrical power.
- 5. Perform the start-up settings.

5.1 Pneumatic connections

NOTICE

Malfunction due to incorrect connection of the supply air.

> Do not connect the compressed air directly to the threaded connections in the positioner housing. Screw the screw fittings into the connecting plate, pressure gauge mounting block or connection block from the accessories.

The pneumatic connections in the connecting plate, pressure gauge mounting block and connection block are optionally designed as a bore with 1/4 NPT or G 1/4 thread. Customary fittings for metal or copper tubing or plastic hoses can be used.

NOTICE

Risk of malfunction due to failure to comply with required air quality. Only use supply air that is dry and free of oil and dust. Read the maintenance instructions for upstream pressure reducing stations. Blow through all air pipes and hoses thoroughly before connecting them.

If the positioner is attached directly to the Type 3277 Actuator, the connection of the positioner's output pressure to the actuator is fixed. For attachment according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR), the signal pressure can be routed to either the top or bottom diaphragm chamber of the actuator, depending on the actuator's fail-safe action "actuator stem extends" or "actuator stem retracts".

For rotary actuators, the manufacturer's specifications for connection apply.

5.1.1 Signal pressure gauges

To monitor the supply air (supply) and signal pressure (output), we recommend mounting pressure gauges (see accessories in Table 2 to Table 7.

5.1.2 Supply pressure

The required supply air pressure depends on the bench range and the actuator's operating direction (fail-safe action). The bench range is written on the nameplate either as the spring range or signal pressure range depending on the actuator. The direction of action is marked FA or FE, or by a symbol.

Note:

i

PLOW is indicated under Code 0 if the supply pressure p_s is lower than the upper spring range value determined during plotting of the valve signature.

Actuator stem extends FA (AIR TO OPEN)

Fail-close (for globe and angle valves):

Required supply pressure = Upper bench range value + 0.2 bar, at least 1.4 bar.

Actuator stem retracts FE (AIR TO CLOSE)

Fail-open (for globe and angle valves):

For tight-closing valves, the maximum signal pressure $\mathsf{pst}_\mathsf{max}$ is roughly estimated as follows:

$$pst_{max} = F + \frac{d^2 \cdot \pi \cdot \Delta p}{4 \cdot A}$$
 [bar]

d = Seat diameter [cm]

- $\Delta p = Differential pressure across the valve [bar]$
- A = Actuator diaphragm area [cm²]
- F = Upper bench range value of the actuator [bar]

If there are no specifications, calculate as follows:

Required supply pressure = Upper bench range value + 1 bar

5.1.3 Signal pressure (output)

The signal pressure at the output (38) of the positioner can be restricted to 1.4 bar, 2.4 bar or 3.7 bar in Code 16.

The limitation is not activated [7.0 bar] by default.

5.2 Electrical connections

DANGER!

<u>/!\</u>

Risk of electric shock and/or the formation of an explosive atmosphere! For electrical installation, observe the relevant electrotechnical regulations and the accident prevention regulations that apply in the country of use. In Germany, these are the VDE regulations and the accident prevention regulations of the employers' liability insurance.

The following regulations apply to installation in hazardous areas: EN 60079-14: 2008 (VDE 0165, Part 1) **Explosive Atmospheres – Electrical Installations Design, Selec-**

tion and Erection.



WARNING!

Incorrect electrical connection will render the explosion protection unsafe.

- Adhere to the terminal assignment.
- Do not undo the enameled screws in or on the housing.
- Do not exceed the maximum permissible values specified in the EC

type examination certificates when interconnecting intrinsically safe electrical equipment (U_i or U_0 , I_i or I_0 , P_i or P_0 , C_i or C_0 and L_i or L_0).

Selecting cables and wires

Observe clause 12 of EN 60079-14

(VDE 0165, Part 1) for installation of the intrinsically safe circuits.

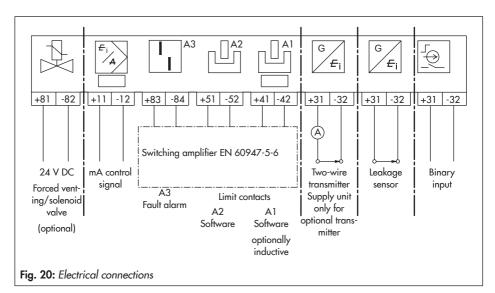
Clause 12.2.2.7 applies when running multicore cables and wires with more than one intrinsically safe circuit.

The radial thickness of the insulation of a conductor for common insulating materials (e.g. polyethylene) must not be smaller than 0.2 mm. The diameter of an individual wire in a fine-stranded conductor must not be smaller than 0.1 mm. Protect the conductor ends against splicing, e.g. by using wire-end ferrules. When two separate cables or wires are used for connection, an additional cable gland can be installed. Seal cable entries left unused with plugs. Fit equipment used in ambient temperatures **below -20** °C with metal cable entries.

Equipment for use in zone 2/zone 22

In equipment operated according to type of protection Ex nA II (non-sparking equipment) according to EN 60079-15: 2003, circuits may be connected, interrupted or switched while energized only during installation, maintenance or repair.

Equipment connected to energy-limited circuits with type of protection Ex nL (energy-limited equipment) according to EN 60079-15: 2003 may be switched under normal operating conditions.



The maximum permissible values specified in the statement of conformity and its addenda apply when interconnecting the equipment with energy-limited circuits in type of protection Ex nL IIC.

Cable entry

Cable entry with M20 x 1.5 cable gland. See section on Accessories for clamping range.

There is a second M20 \times 1.5 threaded hole in the housing that can be used for additional connection, when required.

The screw terminals are designed for wire cross-sections of 0.2 to 2.5 mm². Tighten by at least 0.5 Nm.

The wires for the reference variable must be connected to the terminals 11 and 12 located in the housing.

Only use a current source.

≥3.6 mA: Microprocessor and display active

<3.7 mA: LOW reading on display

≤3.8 mA: Emergency shutdown (version with shutdown at 3.8 mA)

>3.9 mA: Actuator can be filled with air (version with shutdown at 3.8 mA)

≤4.4 mA: Emergency shutdown (version with shutdown at 4.4 mA)

>4.6 mA: Actuator can be filled with air (version with shutdown at 4.4 mA)

>22 mA: OVERLOAD reading on display

In general, it is not necessary to connect the positioner to a bonding conductor. Should this be required, however, this conductor can be connected inside the device. Depending on the version, the positioner is equipped with inductive limit contacts and/ or a solenoid valve.

The position transmitter is operated on a two-wire circuit. The usual supply voltage is 24 V DC. Taking the resistance of the supply leads into account, the voltage at the position transmitter terminals can be between 12 and 30 V DC.

Refer to Fig. 20 or to the label on the terminal block.

Accessories

Cable glands M20 x 1.5	Order no.
Black plastic (6 to 12 mm clamping range)	8808-1011
Blue plastic	0000 1011
(6 to 12 mm clamping range)	8808-1012
Nickel-plated brass (6 to 12 mm clamping range)	1890-4875
Nickel-plated brass (10 to 14 mm clamping range)	1922-8395
Stainless steel 1.4305 (8 to 14.5 mm clamping range)	8808-0160

Adapter M20 x 1.5 to ½ NPT

Powder-coated aluminum	0310-2149
Stainless steel	1400-7114

5.2.1 Switching amplifier

For operation of the limit contacts, switching amplifiers must be connected in the output circuit. To ensure the operating reliability of the positioner, the amplifiers should comply with the limit values of the output circuits conforming to EN 60947-5-6. Observe the relevant regulations for installation in hazardous areas.

5.2.2 Establishing communication

Communication between PC and positioner using an FSK modem or handheld communicator (if necessary, using an isolation amplifier) is based on the HART® protocol.

Viator FSK modem

- RS-232 No explosion protection Order no. 8812-0130
 PCMCIA No explosion protection Order no. 8812-0131
- USB No explosion protection Order no. 8812-0132

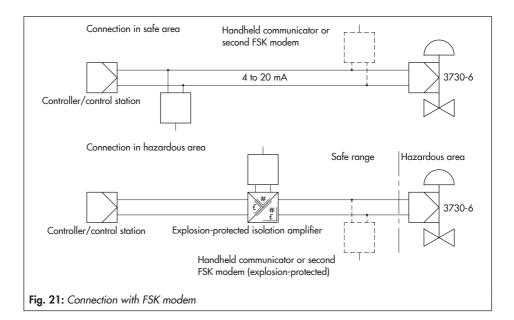
If the load impedance of the controller or control station is too low, an isolation amplifier must be connected between controller and positioner (interfacing as for positioner connected in hazardous areas). See Fig. 21.

If the positioner is used in hazardous areas, an explosion-protected isolation amplifier must to be used.

Using the HART® protocol, all connected control room and field units can be addressed individually using a point-to-point connection or the standard (multidrop) bus.

Point-to-point:

The bus address/polling address must always be set to zero (0).



Standard bus (multidrop):

In the standard bus (multidrop) mode, the positioner follows the analog current signal (reference variable) in the same manner as for point-to-point communication. This operating mode is, for example, suitable for splitrange operation of positioners (series connection).

The bus address/polling address has to be within a range of 1 to 15.

Note:

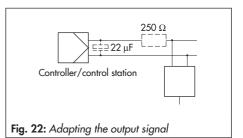
1

Communication errors may occur when the process controller/control station output is not HART-compatible. For adaptation, the Z box (order no. 1170-2374) can be installed between output and communication interface. At the Z box a voltage of approx. 330 mV is released (corresponds to 16.5 Ω at 20 mA).

Alternatively, a 250 Ω resistor can be connected in series and a 22 μF capacitor can be connected in parallel to the analog output.

The following must be observed:

- The load for the controller output will increase as a result.
- The insertion of a capacitor is not permissible for intrinsically safe circuits (Ex ia), energy-limited circuits (Ex nL) and for the type of protection Ex nA.



6 Operating controls and readings

Rotary pushbutton

The rotary pushbutton is located underneath the front protective cover. The positioner is operated on site using the rotary pushbutton: Turn : Select codes and values Press : Confirm setting

AIR TO OPEN/AIR TO CLOSE slide switch

- AIR TO OPEN applies to a valve opening as the signal pressure increases.
- AIR TO CLOSE applies to a valve closing as the signal pressure increases.

The signal pressure is the pneumatic pressure at the output of the positioner applied to the actuator.

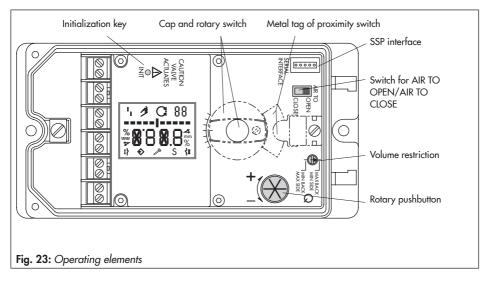
AIR TO OPEN always applies to positioners with a mounted reversing amplifier for dou-

ble-acting rotary actuators (connections according to section 4.6).

Volume restriction Q

The volume restriction serves to adapt the air output capacity to the size of the actuator. Depending on the air passage at the actuator, two fixed settings are available.

- For actuators smaller than 240 cm² (Type 3271-5), select MIN SIDE.
- For actuators 240 cm² and larger, select MAX SIDE for a side connection.



Readings

Icons assigned to certain codes, parameters and functions are indicated on the display.

Operating modes:

 Manual mode (see section 8.2.1) The positioner follows the manual set point (Code 1) instead of the mA signal.
 blinks: The positioner is not initialized.

Operation only possible over manual set point (Code 1).

- C Automatic mode (see section 8.2.1) The positioner is in closed-loop operation and follows the mA signal.
- S SAFE (see section 8.2.2) The positioner vents the output. The valve moves to the mechanical fail-safe position.

Bar graph:

In manual 2° and automatic C modes, the bars indicate the set point deviation that depends on the sign (+/-) and the value. One bar element appears per 1 % set point deviation.

If the positioner has not been initialized, (\nearrow blinks on the display), the bar graph indicates the lever position in degrees in relation to the mid-axis. One bar element corresponds to approximately a 5° angle of rotation. The fifth bar element blinks (reading > 30°) if the permissible angle of rotation has been exceeded. Lever and pin position must be checked.

Status messages

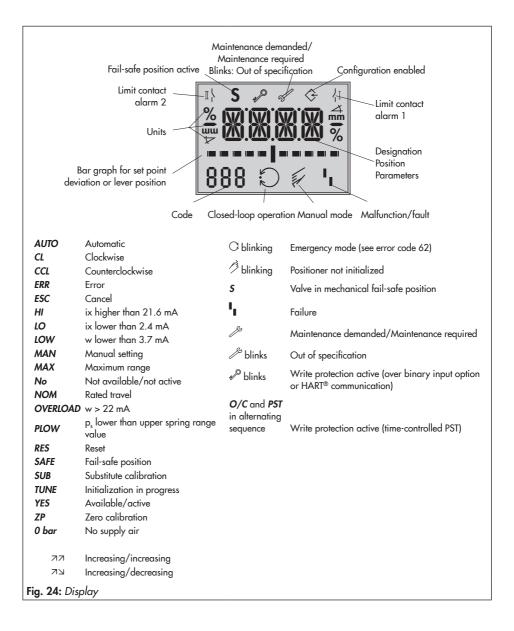
- Failure
- Maintenance demanded/Maintenance required
- A blinks: Out of specification

These icons indicate that an error has occurred.

A classified status can be assigned to each error. Classifications include "No message", "Maintenance required", "Maintenance demanded" and "Failure" (see section 14).

ightarrow Enable configuration

This indicates that the codes marked with an asterisk (*) in the code list (section 14) are enabled for configuration (see section 8.1).



6.1 Serial interface

The positioner must be supplied with at least 3.8 mA.

The positioner can be connected directly to the PC over the local serial interface and the serial interface adapter. The operator software is TROVIS-VIEW (version 4) with installed device module 3730-6.

6.2 HART[®] communication

The positioner must be supplied with at least 3.6 mA. The FSK modem must be connected in parallel to the current loop.

A DTM file (Device Type Manager) conforming to the Specification 1.2 is available for communication. This allows the device, for example, to be run with the PACTware operator interface. All the positioner's parameters are then accessible over the DTM and the operator interface.

For start-up and settings, proceed as described in section 7.1 to 7.4. Refer to the code list in section 14 for the parameters necessary for the operator interface.

Note:

(i)

If complex functions are started in the positioner, which require a long calculation time or lead to a large quantity of data being saved in the volatile memory of the positioner, the alert 'busy' is issued issued by the DTM file. This alert is **not an error message** and can be simply confirmed.

Locking HART® communication

The write access for HART® communication can be disabled over Code 47. This function can only be enabled or disabled locally at the positioner.

Write access is enabled by default.

Locking on-site operation

The on-site operation including the INIT key can be locked over HART® communication. The word 'HART' then blinks on the display when Code 3 is selected. This locking function can only be disabled over HART® communication. On-site operation is enabled by default.

6.3 Dynamic HART® variables

The HART® specification defines four dynamic variables consisting of a value and an engineering unit. These variables can be assigned to device parameters as required. The universal HART® command 3 reads the dynamic variables out of the device. This allows manufacturer-specific parameters to also be transferred using a universal command.

In the Type 3730-6 Positioner, the dynamic variables can be assigned as follows in the Device settings folder (> Positioner > HART communication):

Variable	Meaning		Unit
Set point	Set point		%
Direction of action set point	Direction of action set point		%
Set point after transit time specification	Set point after transit time specification		%
Valve position	Actual value (process variable)		%
Set point deviation e	Set point deviation e		%
Absolute total valve travel	Absolute total valve travel		-
Binary input status	0 = Not active 1 = Active 255 = -/-		-
Internal solenoid valve/forced venting status	0 = De-energized 1 = Energized 2 = Not installed		-
Condensed state	0 = No message 1 = Maintenance requested 2 = Maintenance demanded	3 = Failure 4 = Out of specification 7 = Function check	-
Temperature	Temperature		°C
Leakage sensor sound level	Leakage sensor sound level		dB
Ambient pressure	Ambient pressure		mbar
Signal pressure p out	Signal pressure p _{out}		bar
Supply pressure	Supply pressure		bar
Flow rate	Flow rate		m³/h
Differential pressure	Differential pressure		bar
All active errors	0 = No errors 1 = Control loop 2 = Zero 4 = w too low 8 = PST/FST status	16 = On/off error activated 32 = SIL test 64 = Set point outside range 128 = Total valve travel ex- ceeded 256 = Operating mode not AUTO	-

 Table 8: Dynamic HART® variables assignment

7 Start-up and settings

NOTICE

Malfunction due to incorrect sequence of mounting, installation and start-up.

Keep the following sequence.

- Remove the protective film from the pneumatic connections.
- 2. Mount the positioner on the control valve.
- 3. Connect the supply air.
- 4. Connect the electrical power.
- 5. Perform the start-up settings.

Reading after connecting the electrical power supply:

✤ blinks on the display when the positioner has not yet been initialized. The reading indicates the lever position in degrees in relation to the mid-axis.



Reading when the positioner has not yet been initialized

Code 0 appears on the display when a **positioner has been initialized**. The positioner is in the last active operating mode.



WARNING!

 Risk of injury due to the actuator stem extending or retracting!
 Do not touch or block the actuator stem.



Note:

The positioner performs a test in the start-up phase while following its automation task at the same time. During the start-up phase, operation on site is unrestricted, yet write access is limited.

Perform the start-up settings in the same sequence as described (section 7.1 to section 7.6).

7.1 Defining the valve closed position

Define the closed position of the valve (0 %) taking the valve type and the actuator's direction of action into account. Position the AIR TO OPEN/AIR TO CLOSE slide switch accordingly:

 AIR TO OPEN (ATO) setting Signal pressure opens the valve e.g. for a fail-close valve

The AIR TO OPEN setting always applies to double-acting actuators.

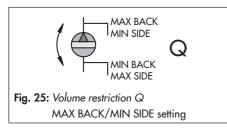
 AIR TO CLOSE (ATC) setting Signal pressure closes the valve e.g. for a fail-open valve

For checking purposes: After successfully completing initialization, the positioner display must read 0 % when the valve is closed and 100 % when the valve is open. If this is not the case, change the slide switch position and re-initialize the positioner.

Note:

The switch position is prompted prior to an initialization. After an initialization has been completed, changing the switch position does not have any effect on the operation of the positioner.

7.2 Adjusting the volume restriction Q



The volume restriction Q serves to adapt the air output capacity to the size of the actuator:

- MAX BACK/MIN SIDE setting for actuators with a transit time <1 s, e.g. linear actuators with an effective area smaller than 240 cm², require a restricted air flow rate.
- MIN BACK/MAX SIDE setting for actuators with a transit time ≥1 s (the air flow rate does not need to be restricted.)

Intermediate settings are not permitted.

NOTICE

Malfunction due to changed start-up settings! Initialize an initialized positioner again after the position of the volume restriction has been changed.

7.3 Adapting the display direction

To adapt the reading on the display to the mounting situation of the actuator, the display contents can be turned by 180°.



Reading direction for right attachment of pneumatic connections

Reading direction for left attachment of pneumatic connections

If the displayed data appear upside down, proceed as follows:

Turn ⊕ → Code 2 Press ⊕, Code 2 blinks. Turn ⊕ → Required reading direction Press ⊕ to confirm reading direction.

7.4 Limiting the signal pressure

If the maximum actuator force may cause damage to the valve, the signal pressure must be limited.

Enable configuration at the positioner before limiting the signal pressure:



Note:

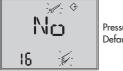
If no settings are entered within 120 seconds, the enabled configuration function becomes invalid.



Enable configuration Default: **No**

Turn [⊗] → Code 3, display: *No* Press [⊗], Code *3* blinks. Turn [⊗] → *YES* Press [⊗], display: [⇒]

Limit the signal pressure:



Pressure limit Default: **No**

Turn ⊕ → Code 16

Press , Code 16 blinks.

Turn 🛞 until the required pressure limit appears.

Press 🛞 to confirm the pressure limit setting.

7.5 Checking the operating range of the positioner

To check the mechanical attachment and the proper functioning, the valve should be moved through the operating range of the positioner in the *A* manual mode with the manual set point.

Select 🤌 manual mode:



Turn O → Code 0 Press O, Code **0** blinks. Turn O → **MAN**

Press O. The positioner changes to the manual mode (O).

Check the operating range:



Manual set point w (current angle of rotation is indicated)

Turn ()→ Code 1 Press (), Code 1 and () blink.

Turn 🕑 until the pressure in the positioner builds up, and the control valve moves to its final positions so that the travel/angle can be checked.

The angle of rotation of the lever on the back of the positioner is indicated. A horizontal lever (mid position) is equal to 0°.

To ensure the positioner is working properly, the outer bar elements must not blink while the valve is moving through the operating range.

Exit Code 1 by pressing the rotary pushbutton ($^{\odot}$).

The permissible range has been exceed-

ed when the displayed angle is more than 30° and the outer right or left bar element blinks. The positioner goes to the fail-safe position (SAFE).

After canceling the fail-safe position (SAFE) (see section 8.2.2) it is **absolutely** essential that you check the lever and pin position as described in section 4.

WARNING!

Risk of injury due to the actuator stem extending or retracting! Before exchanging the lever or changing the pin position, disconnect the supply air and electrical auxiliary power.

7.6 Initialization

NOTICE

The process is disturbed by the movement of the actuator stem. Do not initialize the positioner while the process is running; only perform an initialization during start-up with the shut-off valves closed

A signal pressure above the maximum permissible limit will damage the valve.

Check the maximum permissible signal pressure of the control valve before starting initialization. If necessary, limit the signal pressure by connecting an upstream pressure reducing valve. Malfunction due to changed mounting or installation circumstances! Reset the positioner to its default settings and re-initialize it after the positioner has been mounted on to another actuator or its mounting location has been changed.

Note:

When the write protection \mathscr{P} is activated, initialization cannot be started.

During initialization the positioner adapts itself optimally to the friction conditions and the signal pressure required by the control valve. The type and extent of auto tuning depends on the initialization mode selected:

- Maximum range (MAX) (standard range) Initialization mode for simple start-up of valves with two clearly defined mechanical end positions, e.g. three-way valves (see section 7.6.1)
- Nominal range (NOM) Initialization mode for all globe valves (see section 7.6.2)
- Manually selected OPEN position (MAN) Initialization mode for globe valves requiring OPEN position to be entered manually (see section 7.6.3)
- Manually selected end positions (MAN2)

Initialization mode for globe valves with manual entry of both positions (see section 7.6.4)

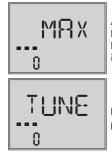
Substitute calibration (SUb)

This mode allows a positioner to be replaced while the plant is running, with the least amount of disruption to the plant (see section 7.6.5).

Note:

(i)

For normal operation, simply start initialization by pressing the INIT key after mounting the positioner on the valve and defining the fail-safe position and setting the volume restriction. The positioner only needs to work with its default settings. If necessary, perform a reset (see section 7.8).



Alternating readings Initialization in progress Icon depending on initialization mode selected

Bar graph indicating the progress of the initialization

After the basic initialization, the reference curve for the valve signature is recorded (Code 48 - h0 = YES).



Reading in alternating sequence: TEST/D1



Bar graph display indicating the progress of the initialization

Initialization successfully completed. Positioner in automatic mode (C)

The time required for the initialization procedure depends on the actuator transit time and can take a few minutes.

After a successful initialization, the positioner runs in closed-loop operation indicated by the C closed-loop operation icon.

A malfunctioning leads to the process being canceled. The initialization error appears on the display according to how it has been classified by the condensed state. See section 8.3

Note:

Î An error during the recording of the valve signature is indicated by Code 81 The valve signature does not affect closed-loop operation.

Closed position AIR TO CLOSE

If the slide switch is set to AIR TO CLOSE, the positioner automatically switches to the direction of action increasing/decreasing (ビス) after initialization has been completed. This results in the following assignment between reference variable and valve position:

Closed pasition	osed position Direction of action	Reference variable w Valve	
Closed position		CLOSED at	OPEN at
AIR TO OPEN	77	0 %	100 %
AIR TO CLOSE	ער	100 %	0 %

The tight-closing function has been activated.

Set Code 15 (final position w>) to 99 % for three-way valves.

Canceling an initialization process

An initialization procedure in progress can be canceled by pressing the rotary pushbutton (^(W)). **STOP** appears for three seconds on the display and the positioner then changes to the fail-safe position.

Exit the fail-safe position again over Code 0 (see section 8.2.2).

MAX – Initialization 7.6.1 based on maximum range

The positioner determines travel/angle of rotation of the closing member from the CLOSED position to the opposite travel stop and adopts this travel/angle of rotation as the operating range from 0 to 100 %.

Enable configuration:

Note:

If no settings are entered within 120 seconds, the enabled configuration function becomes invalid.



Turn \bigoplus \rightarrow Code 3, display: **No** Press (), Code 3 blinks. Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow YES$ Press ⊕, display: ⇒

Enter the pin position:



Turn
$$\bigoplus \rightarrow$$
 Code 4
Press \bigoplus , Code 4 blinks.

Turn $\textcircled{O} \rightarrow$ Pin position on lever (see relevant section on attachment)

Press 🛞

Select the initialization mode:



Default MAX

Turn 🛞 → Code 6 Press 🛞 Turn $\bigcirc \rightarrow M\Delta X$

Press 🛞 to confirm the MAX as the initialization mode.

Start initialization:

➔ Press INIT key!

After initialization, the maximum travel/angle of rotation (Code 5) which was detected during initialization is indicated.

7.6.2 NOM – Initialization based on nominal range

The calibrated sensor allows the exact valve travel to be measured very accurately. During initialization, the positioner checks whether the control valve can move through the indicated nominal range (travel or angle) without collision. If this is the case, the indicated nominal range is adopted with the limits of travel/angle range start (Code 8) and travel/angle range end (Code 9) as the operating range.

Enable configuration:

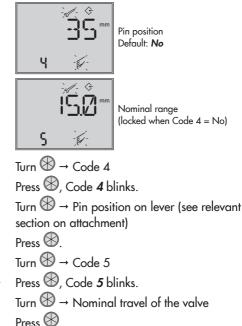
Note:

If no settings are entered within 120 seconds, the enabled configuration function becomes invalid.



Default: **No**

Turn O → Code 3, display: **No** Press O, Code 3 blinks. Turn O → **YES** Press O, display: O Enter the pin position and nominal range:



Select the initialization mode:



Start initialization:

➔ Press INIT key!

Note:

If the nominal range determined during initialization is smaller than the range entered in Code 5, initialization is canceled and an error message (Code 52) is generated.

→ After initialization, check the direction of action (Code 7) and, if necessary, change it.

7.6.3 MAN – Initialization based on a manually selected OPEN position

Before starting initialization, move the control valve manually to the OPEN position. The positioner calculates the differential travel/angle from the OPEN and CLOSED positions and adopts it as the operating range with limits of lower travel/angle range value (Code 8) and upper travel/angle range value (Code 9).

Enable configuration:

(

Note:

If no settings are entered within 120 seconds, the enabled configuration function becomes invalid.



Enable configuration Default: **No**

Turn ⁽→ Code 3, display: **No** Press ⁽→, Code **3** blinks. Turn ⊕ → **YES** Press ⊕, display: ⇒

Enter the pin position:



Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow$ Code 4

Press 🛞, Code 4 blinks.

Turn [®] → Pin position on lever (see relevant section on attachment) Press [®]

Select the initialization mode:



Init mode Default **MAX**

Turn (Image) → Code 6 Press (Image), Code 6 blinks. Turn (Image) → MAN Press (Image) to confirm the MAN as the initialization mode.

Enter OPEN position:



Manual set point (current angle of rotation is indicated)

Turn $\bigcirc \rightarrow Code 0$ Press (), Code **0** blinks. Turn ⊕ → MAN

Press 🛞 Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow$ Code 1 Press , Code 1 blinks.

Turn 🛞 clockwise in small steps until the reguired valve position is reached. The valve must be moved with a monotonically increasing signal pressure.

Press 🛞 to confirm the OPEN position.

Start initialization:

➔ Press INIT key!

After initialization, the maximum travel is indicated in mm or the maximum angle in ° in Code 5

7.6.4 MAN2 – Initialization based on manually selected end positions

Before starting initialization, move the control valve manually to the end positions. The positioner calculates the travel/angle difference from the positions that the valve moved to and adopts it as the operating range with limits of lower travel/angle range value (Code 8) and upper travel/angle range value (Code 9).

Note:

This initialization mode can only be started when the valve position differs in the end positions and the positioner has not yet been initialized.

Enable configuration:

Note: i

If no settings are entered within 120 seconds, the enabled configuration function becomes invalid.



Enable configuration Default: No

Turn \bigoplus \rightarrow Code 3, display: **No** Press 🛞. Code 3 blinks. Turn $\textcircled{W} \rightarrow YES$

Press ⊕, display: ⇒

Enter the pin position:



Turn ⊕ → Code 4 Press (), Code 4 blinks. Turn ⊕ → Pin position on lever (see relevant section on attachment) Press 🕅

Select the initialization mode and enter end positions:



Default MAX



A complete initialization procedure takes several minutes and requires the valve to move through its entire travel range several times. This initialization mode, however, is an emergency mode, in which the control parameters are estimated and not determined by an initialization procedure. As a result, a high level of accuracy cannot be expected. You should always select a different initialization mode if the plant allows it.

The substitute calibration is used to replace a positioner while the process is running. For this purpose, the control valve is usually fixed mechanically in a certain position, or pneumatically by means of a pressure signal which is routed to the actuator externally. The blocking position ensures that the plant continues to operate with this valve position.

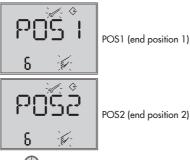
The blocking position can also be the failsafe position when this condition is beneficial for the temporary phase.

→ Perform a reset before re-initializing the positioner if the substitute positioner has already been initialized. Refer to section 7.8

Enable configuration:

Note:

If no settings are entered within 120 seconds, the enabled configuration function becomes invalid.



Turn 🛞 → Code 6 Press 🛞, Code **6** blinks. Turn ⊕ → MAN2

Press To confirm the **MAN2** as the initial-

ization mode. $\rightarrow POS1$ and the current angle position of the lever are indicated on the display in alternating sequence.

Turn 🕲 clockwise in small steps until the reguired valve position is reached. The valve must be moved with a monotonically increasing signal pressure.

Press to confirm the valve position \rightarrow WAIT. The valve position is adopted after the pressure settles. \rightarrow **POS2** and the current angle position of the lever are indicated on the display in alternating sequence.

Turn 🛞 until the valve reaches its OPEN position

Press to confirm the valve position \rightarrow WAIT. Initialization can be started as soon as MAN2 is indicated again on the display.

Start initialization:

➔ Press INIT key!

After initialization, the tight-closing function (Code 14) is deactivated.



Enable configuration Default: **No**

Turn O → Code 3, display: **No** Press O, Code 3 blinks. Turn O → **YES** Press O, display: O

Enter the pin position and nominal range:



Nominal range (locked when Code 4 = No)

Turn ⊕ → Code 4

Press [®], Code **4** blinks.

Turn O \rightarrow Pin position on lever (see relevant section on attachment)

Press 🛞.

Turn $\textcircled{O} \rightarrow Code 5$

Press (Code 5 blinks.

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow$ Nominal travel of the valve Press \bigoplus .

Select the initialization mode:



Turn $\textcircled{O} \rightarrow \text{Code } 6$ Press O. Turn $\textcircled{O} \rightarrow \textbf{SUB}$ Press O to confirm the **SUB** as the initialization mode.

Enter the direction of action:



Direction of action Default 77

Turn O → Code 7 Press O, Code 7 blinks. Turn O → Direction of action (77/7) Press O.

Deactivate travel limit:



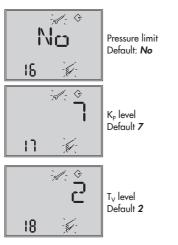
Travel limit Default: **No**

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow$ Code 11 Press \bigoplus , Code 11 blinks. Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow$ No Press \bigoplus .

Change pressure limit and control parameters:

Note:

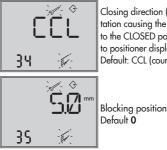
Do not change the pressure limit (Code 16). Only change the control parameters K_P (Code 17) and T_V (Code 18) if the settings of the the replaced positioner are known.



Turn ⊕ → Code 16/17/18 Press ⁽¹⁾, Code **16/17/18** blinks. Turn B to set the control parameter selected

Press B to confirm the setting.

Enter closing direction and blocking position:



Closing direction (direction of rotation causing the valve to move to the CLOSED position (view onto positioner display) Default: CCL (counterclockwise)

- Turn ()→ Code 34
- Press (), Code **34** blinks.
- Turn \bigoplus \rightarrow Closing direction (CCL = counterclockwise/CL = clockwise
- Press 🛞

Turn 🛞 → Code 35

Press . Code **35** blinks.

Turn ⊕ → Blocking position, e.g. 5 mm (read off at travel indicator scale of the blocked valve or measure with a ruler).

Set the fail-safe position:

- → Set switch for closed position AIR TO OPEN or AIR TO CLOSE according to section 7.1
- → Set volume restriction as described in section 7.2

Start initialization:

→ Press INIT key! The operating mode is changed to automatic mode (C).

Note:

- Since initialization has not been completed, the error code 76 (no emergency mode) and possibly also error code 57 (control loop) may appear on the display. These alarms do not influence the positioner's readiness for operation.
- If the positioner shows a tendency to oscillate in automatic mode, the parameters K_P and T_V must be slightly corrected. Proceed as follows:
 - \rightarrow Set T_V (Code 18) to **4**.
 - → If the positioner still oscillates, the gain K_P (Code 17) must be decreased until the positioner shows a stable behavior.

Zero point calibration

Finally, if process operations allow it, the zero point must be calibrated according to section 7.7. On correcting the zero point, the valve moves again to the closed position.

7.6.6 Tuning the KP input filter

Changing the KP level (Code 17) affects the set point deviation. This effect can be compensated for by tuning the input filter without having to re-initialize the positioner.

Enable configuration:

Turn [®] → Code 3, display: *No* Press [®], Code *3* blinks. Turn [®] → *YES* Press [®], display: [⇒]

Tuning the input filter



Turn ⊕ → Code 6 Press ⊕, Code **6** blinks. Turn ⊕ → **KP**

Press INIT key to start the tuning. During the tuning, the valve moves through its whole range and the input filter is recalibrated.

7.7 Zero calibration

In case of inconsistencies in the closed position of the valve, e.g. with soft-seated plugs, it might be necessary to recalibrate zero.

NOTICE

The process is disturbed by the movement of the actuator stem! Do not perform zero calibration while the process is running. First isolate the plant by closing the shut-off valves.

Note:

- The positioner must be connected to the supply air to perform the zero calibration.
- A zero calibration is not possible if there is zero point shift of more than 5 %. In this case, Code 54 is activated. The positioner must be re-initialized.

Enable configuration:

Turn \bigoplus \rightarrow Code 3, display: No Press (), Code **3** blinks. Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow YES$ Press (), display: ()

Perform zero calibration:



Init mode Default MAX

Turn 🛞 → Code 6 Press (), Code **6** blinks. Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow ZP$

➔ Press INIT key!

Zero calibration starts. The positioner moves the valve to the CLOSED position and recalibrates the internal electrical zero point.

Reset to default settings 7.8

A reset allows the positioner to be reset to the default settings. To reset the positioner, the options DIAG, STD and DS are available in Code 36. Table 9 lists the reset functions.

Note:

Code 36 - DS is usually selected when the valve is mounted in another position or when the positioner is to be mounted to another valve. Performing a reset does not necessarily mean the positioner must be re-initialized

Enable configuration:

Turn \bigoplus \rightarrow Code 3, display: **No** Press ⁽¹⁾, Code **3** blinks. Turn $\textcircled{} \rightarrow \textbf{YES}$ Press ⊕, display: ⇒

Reset start-up parameters:



Turn ⊕ → Code 36, display: - - -Press (), Code **36** blinks. Turn ⊕ → DIAG/STD/DS Press 🛞

The parameters are reset depending on the option selected. See following Table 9.

Table 9: Reset functions

	Reset Code 36		36	
		DIAG	STD	DS
Initializ	ation	NO	YES	YES
Fail-sa	fe action			
	Air supply failure	NO	NO	YES
	Power supply failure of positioner	NO	NO	YES
	Power supply failure of external solenoid valve	NO	NO	YES
Emerge	ency mode	NO	NO	NO
Opera	ting hours counter	NO	NO	NO
	Device in operation	NO	YES	YES
	Device switched on since initialization	NO	YES	YES
	Device in operation since initialization	NO	YES	YES
Loggin	9	NO	YES	YES
Code	Parameters			
2	Reading direction	NO	YES	YES
4	Pin position	NO	YES	YES
5	Nominal range	NO	YES	YES
6	Initialization mode	NO	YES	YES
7	Direction of action	NO	YES	YES
8	Lower travel/angle range value	NO	YES	YES
9	Upper travel/angle range value	NO	YES	YES
10	Lower travel/angle range value	NO	YES	YES
11	Upper travel/angle range value	NO	YES	YES
12	Set point, lower range value	NO	YES	YES
13	Set point, upper range value	NO	YES	YES
14	CLOSED end position	NO	YES	YES
15	OPEN end position	NO	YES	YES
16	Pressure limit	NO	YES	YES
17	Proportional-action coefficient Kp level	NO	NO	NO
18	Derivative-action time Tv level	NO	NO	NO

		Re	set Code	36
		DIAG	STD	DS
19	Tolerance band	NO	YES	YES
20	Select characteristic	NO	YES	YES
21	Enter transit time OPEN	NO	YES	YES
22	Enter transit time CLOSED	NO	YES	YES
24	Total valve travel limit	NO	YES	YES
25	Alarm mode	NO	YES	YES
26	Limit A1	NO	YES	YES
27	Limit A2	NO	YES	YES
32	Error message in case of condensed state 'Function check'	NO	YES	YES
33	Error message in case of 'Maintenance required' and 'Out of specification' condensed states	NO	YES	YES
38	Inductive limit contact	NO	NO	NO
46	Bus address	NO	NO	YES
48 - 49 -	Diagnostics (▶ EB 8389-1 EN)			

8 Operation

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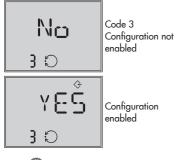
WARNING!

Risk of injury due to the actuator stem extending or retracting. Do not touch or block the actuator stem.

8.1 Enabling and selecting parameters

All codes and their meaning and default settings are listed in the code list in section 14.

Codes which are marked with an asterisk must be enabled with Code 3 before the associated parameters can be configured as described below.



Turn
→ Code 3, display: No
Press
, Code 3 blinks.
Change the setting in Code 3.
Turn
→ YES
Press
, display:
, display:
Configuration is enabled.

You can now configure codes one after the other:

Turn $^{igodold m}$ to select the required code.

Press 🛞 to activate the selected code. The code number starts to blink.

Turn to select the setting.

Press B to confirm the selected setting.



Note:

If no settings are entered within 120 seconds, the enabled configuration function becomes invalid and the display returns to Code 0.

Cancel the setting:



Canceling the reading

To cancel a value before it is confirmed (by pressing (☆)) proceed as follows: Turn (↔) → *ESC* Press (↔). The entered value is not adopted.

8.2 Operating modes

8.2.1 Automatic and manual modes

After initialization has been completed successfully, the positioner is in C automatic mode (AUTO).



Switching to 🧷 manual mode (MAN)





Turn ⊕ → Code 0

Press , display: **AUtO**, Code **0** blinks.

Turn ⊕ → MAN

Press O. The positioner changes to the manual mode (O).

The manual mode starts using the last set point of the automatic mode, ensuring a bumpless changeover. The current position is displayed in %.

Adjust the manual set point



Turn (→ Code 1 Press (, Code 1 blinks. Turn (until sufficient pressure has been built up in the positioner and the control valve moves to the required position.



Note:

The positioner automatically returns to Code 0 if no settings are made within 120 seconds, but remains in the manual mode.

Switch to C automatic mode

Turn [®] → Code 0 Press [®], Code 0 blinks. Turn [®] → **AUTO** Press [®]. The positioner sy

Press B. The positioner switches to automatic mode.

8.2.2 Fail-safe position (SAFE)

If you want to move the valve to the fail-safe position determined during start-up (see section 7.1), proceed as follows:



Turn ⊕ → Code 0

Press (), display: current operating mode (*AUTO* or *MAN*), Code 0 blinks.

Turn ⊕ → SAFE

Press 🛞, display: **S**

The valve moves to the fail-safe position.

If the positioner has been initialized, the current valve position in % is indicated on the display.

Exit the fail-safe position

Turn $\textcircled{O} \rightarrow \text{Code 0}$ Press O, Code 0 blinks. Turn O and select the required operating mode (**AUTO** or **MAN**).

Press 🛞.

The positioner switches to the operating mode selected.

8.3 Fault/malfunction

A status classification is assigned to all status and fault alarms in the positioner. The default settings of the status classification are listed in the code list.

Note:

The assignment of the status classification can be changed in the operator software, e.g. TROVIS-VIEW (version 4). Refer to the Operating Instructions for the valve diagnostics EB 8389-1 EN on the enclosed CD-ROM for more details.

To provide a better overview, the classified messages are summarized in a condensed state for the positioner according to the NAMUR Recommendation NE 107. The status messages are divided into the following categories:

Failure

The positioner cannot perform its control task due to a functional fault in the positioner itself or in one of its peripherals or an initialization has not yet been successfully completed.

Maintenance required

The positioner still performs its control task (with restrictions). A maintenance demand or above average wear has been determined. The wear tolerance will soon be exhausted or is reducing at a faster rate than expected. Maintenance is necessary in the medium term.

- Maintenance demanded

The positioner still performs its control task (with restrictions). A maintenance demand or above average wear has been determined. The wear tolerance will soon be exhausted or is reducing at a faster rate than expected. Maintenance is necessary in the short term.

- Out of specification

The positioner is running outside the specified operating conditions.

Note:

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If an event is classified as "No message", this event does not have any affect on the condensed state.

The condensed state appears on the display represented by the following icons:

Condensed state	Positioner display	Priority
Function check	Text e.g. TUNE or TEST	
Failure	1	
Out of specifica- tion	/ blinking	
Maintenance re- quired/Mainte- nance demanded	ß	

The message with the highest priority determines the condensed state in the positioner.

If fault alarms exist, the possible source of error is displayed in Code 49 onwards. In this case, **ERR** appears on the display.



Example: Error caused by pin position

Refer to the code list (section 14) for possible causes and the recommended action.

Fault alarm output

'Failure' as the condensed state causes the optional fault alarm output to be switched.

- The 'Function check' condensed state can also activate the fault alarm output (Code 32).
- The 'Maintenance required/Maintenance demanded' condensed state and 'Out of specification' can also activate the fault alarm output (Code 33).

8.3.1 Confirming error messages

Enable configuration:



Note:

If no settings are entered within 120 seconds, the enabled configuration function becomes invalid.

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow$ Code 3, display: **No** Press \bigoplus , Code **3** blinks.

Confirming error message:

Turn $\textcircled{O} \rightarrow$ Select the error code that you want to confirm.

Press 🛞.

The error message is confirmed.

9 Adjusting the limit contact

The positioner version with an inductive limit contact has an adjustable tag (1) mounted on the axis of rotation, which operates the proximity switch (3).

For operation of the inductive limit contact, the corresponding switching amplifier according to EN 609475-6 (see section 5.2.1) must be connected to the output circuit.

When the tag (1) is located in the inductive field of the switch, the switch assumes a high resistance. When it moves outside the field, the switch assumes a low resistance.

Normally, the limit contact is adjusted such that the fail-safe position of the valve is indicated when the contact's switching state changes.



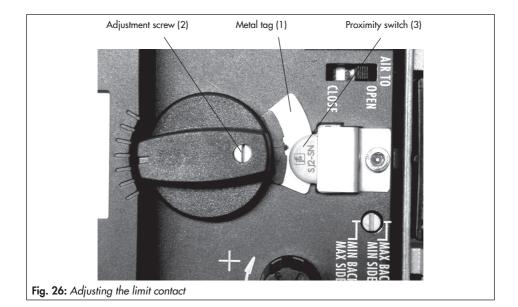
Note:

The inductive limit contact replaces the software limit contact A1 with terminal assignment +41/-42. Each switching position can optionally be set to indicate when the tag has entered the field, or when it has left the field.

The second software limit contact remains effective, the function of the software limit contact A1 is disabled.

Software adaptation

Code 38 (inductive alarm is set to **YES**). The inductive limit contact is connected to the terminals +41/-42. The device is set up accordingly in the delivered state.



Adjusting the switching point:

Note:

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During adjustment or testing, the switching point must always be approached from mid-position (50 %).

To guarantee the switching under all ambient conditions, adjust the switching point approx. 5 % before the mechanical stop (OPEN - CLOSED).

For CLOSED position:

- 1. Initialize the positioner.
- 2. Move the valve to 5 % in the MAN mode (see display).
- Adjust the tag at the yellow adjustment screw (2) until the tag enters or leaves the field and the switching amplifier responds.

You can measure the switching voltage as an indicator.

Contact function:

- Tag leaving the field > Proximity switch assumes low resistance
- Tag entering the field > Proximity switch assumes high resistance

For OPEN position:

- 1. Initialize the positioner.
- 2. Move the valve to 95 % in the MAN mode (see display).
- Adjust the tag (1) at the yellow adjustment screw (2) until the tag enters or leaves the field of the proximity switch (3).

You can measure the switching voltage as an indicator.

Contact function:

- Tag leaving the field > Proximity switch assumes low resistance
- Tag entering the field > Proximity switch assumes high resistance

9.1 Retrofitting an inductive limit contact

Required retrofit kit:

Limit contact

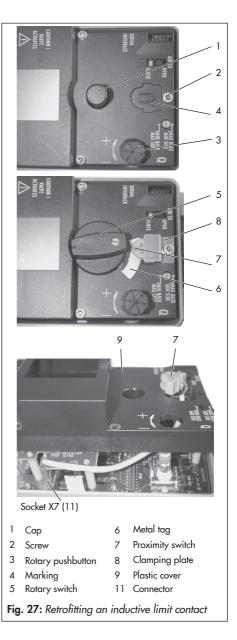
Order no. 1400-7460

Note: The so

- The same requirements apply to retrofitting an inductive limit contact as to servicing the positioner. For explosion-protected positioners, the requirements in section 11 (Servicing explosion-protected devices) need to be kept. Check the "Limit switch, inductive" box on the nameplate after installing the limit comtact.
- Take off the rotary pushbutton (3) and cap (1), unthread the five fastening screws (2) and lift off the plastic cover (9) together with the display, taking care not to damage the ribbon cable (between PCB and display).
- 2. Use a knife to cut an opening at the marked location (4).
- 3. Push the connector (11) with cable through the opening and secure the prox-

imity switch (7) on the cover with a dot of glue.

- 4. Remove the jumper (8801-2267) at the socket X7 of the top board and insert the cable connector (11).
- Guide the cable in such a manner that the plastic cover can be placed back onto the positioner. Insert the fixing screws (2) and screw tight. Attach the clamping plate (8) onto the proximity switch.
- 6. Attach the rotary switch (5). Make sure the flattened side of the positioner shaft is turned so that the rotary switch (5) can be attached with the metal tag next to the proximity switch.
- On start-up of the positioner, set the option inductive alarm under Code 38 from *No* to *YES*.



10 Maintenance

The positioner does not require any maintenance.

There are filters with a 100 µm mesh size in the pneumatic connections for supply and output which can be removed and cleaned, if required.

The maintenance instructions of any upstream supply air pressure reducing stations must be observed.

11 Servicing explosion-protected devices

If a part of the device on which the explosion protection is based needs to be serviced, the device must not be put back into operation until a qualified inspector has assessed it according to explosion protection requirements, has issued an inspection certificate or given the device a mark of conformity. Inspection by a qualified inspector is not required if the manufacturer performs a routine test on the device before putting it back into operation. Document the passing of the routine test by attaching a mark of conformity to the device. Replace explosion-protected components only with original, routine-tested components from the manufacturer.

Devices that have already been operated outside hazardous areas and are intended for future use inside hazardous areas must comply with the safety requirements placed on serviced devices. Before being operated

inside hazardous areas, test the devices according to the specifications for servicing explosion-protected devices.

Read section 13 for maintenance, calibration and adjustment work inside and outside hazardous areas.

12 Firmware update (serial interface)

Firmware updates on positioners currently in operation can be performed as follows:

When updates are performed by a service employee appointed by SAMSON, the update is confirmed on the device by the test mark assigned by SAMSON's Quality Assurance.

In all other cases, only plant operator personnel with written approval may perform updates. Updates are to be confirmed by approved personnel on the device.

Laptops and PCs connected to the power supply must not be used without an additional protective circuit.

This does not apply to laptops in battery operation. In this case, it is assumed that a battery-powered laptop runs briefly for software programming or testing purposes.

a) Updates outside the hazardous area:

Remove the positioners from the plant. Update them outside the hazardous area.

b) Updates on site:

Updates on site are only permitted after the plant operator presented a signed hot work permit.

After updating has been completed, add the current firmware to the nameplate; this can be done using labels.

13 Maintenance, calibration and work on equipment

Interconnection with intrinsically safe circuits to check or calibrate the equipment inside or outside hazardous areas is to be performed only with intrinsically safe current/voltage calibrators and measuring instruments to rule out any damage to components relevant to explosion protection.

Observe the maximum permissible values specified in the certificates for intrinsically safe circuits.

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description	
Note:	Note: Codes with marked with an asterisk (*) must be enabled with Code 3 prior to configuration		
0	Operating mode [MAN] Manual mode AUTO Automatic mode SAFE Fail-safe position ESC Cancel	Switchover from automatic to manual mode is bumpless. Automatic mode only possible if positioner has been initialized. Display: Code 0, see section 6	
1	Manual set point (manual w) [0] to 100 % of the nominal range	Adjust the manual <i>reference variable</i> with the rotary pushbutton. The current travel/angle is displayed in % when the positioner is initialized. If the positioner is not initialized, the position of the le- ver in relation to the longitudinal axis is indicated in degrees (°). Note: It can only be selected when Code 0 = MAN	
2	Reading direction 1234, ₱€₹1, ESC	The reading direction of the display is turned by 180°.	
3	Enable configuration [No], YES, ESC	Enables changing of data (automatically deactivated when the ro- tary pushbutton has not been operated for 120 seconds). Codes marked with an asterisk (*) can only be read and not overwritten when their configuration is not enabled. <i>HART</i> blinks on the display when the on-site operation is locked over HART [®] communication. <i>PST</i> appears on the display when the on-site operation is locked by the time-controlled partial stroke test. In these cases, codes can only read over the SSP interface.	
4*	Pin position [No], 17, 25, 35, 50, 70, 100, 200 mm, 90° with ro- tary actuators, 300 mm with piston actuators, ESC	When attaching the positioner to the control valve, the follower pin must be inserted in the proper pin position on the lever depending on the travel/angle. For initialization using NOM (nominal range) or SUB (substitute calibration), the pin position must be entered. For initialization using MAX, MAN and MAN2, the pin position is not required, however, it is required under Code 5 to display the nominal range.	

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description				
4*	Pin position (continued)		position ode 4	Standard Code 5		ent range de 5
	If you select a pin position in		17	7.5	3.6 to	o 17.7
	Code 4 that is too small, the		25	7.5	5.0 to	25.0
	positioner switches to SAFE		35	15.0	7.0 to	35.4
	mode for reasons of safety.		50	30.0	10.0 to	50.0
			70	40.0	14.0 to	70.7
			100	60.0	20.0 to	o 100.0
		:	200	120.0	40.0 to	200.0
			90°	90.0	24.0 to	o 100.0
5*	Nominal range [15.0] mm or angle °, ESC	calibrati justment Code 4. After ini	on), the nom range depen tialization to travel/angle	g NOM (nomind inal range must nds on the pin po the maximum rc reached on init	be entered. The osition from the ange (MAX), the ialization is disp	possible ad- table for maximum played.
6*	Initialization mode (init mode) [MAX], NOM, MAN, MAN2, SUB, KP, ZP, ESC	MAX:	clearly defir determines	ange · For simple ed mechanical e ravel/angle of r DSED position to	end positions · T otation of the cl	he positioner osing member
		NOM:	termines tra	nge · For all glob vel/angle of roto DSED position to	ation of the closi	ing member
		MAN:	nominal rar mines travel	ing 1 · For all glo ge (OPEN positi /angle of rotatic ion (100 %) to th	ion) · The position on from the mar	oner deter- wally selected
		MAN2:	nominal ran tioner detern manually se lected CLOS	ing 2 · For all glo ge (OPEN and 0 nines travel/ang lected OPEN (10 ED position (0 %	CLOSED positio gle of rotation b 20 %) and the m %)	n) · The posi- etween the nanually se-
		SUB:		alibration · To rep ning, with the lec		

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Descript	ion
6*	Initialization mode (init mode)	KP:	Fine tuning of the input filter \cdot The valve moves through its entire valve range.
	(continued)	NP:	Zero calibration · The zero point is recalibrated. NOTICE Valve will temporarily be moved from its operat- ing point to CLOSED position.
7*	Direction of action (w/x) [אר , ESC	Direction	n of action of the set point in relation to the valve position Increasing/increasing: a globe valve opens as the set
		צו:	point increases. Increasing/decreasing: a globe valve closes as the set point increases.
		The dire as follov	ction of action is adapted to the change in closed direction vs:
		ATO:	AIR TO OPEN \cdot On completing initialization, the direction of action remains increasing/ increasing (77). A globe valve opens as the reference variable increases.
		ATC:	AIR TO CLOSE · On completing initialization, the direc- tion of action changes to increasing/decreasing (∠∠∧). A globe valve closes as the reference signal increases.
8*	Lower travel/angle range value (lower x-range value) [0.0] to 80.0 % of the nomi- nal range, ESC Specified in mm or angle °	range. Nomina The ope	Inge value for the travel/angle of rotation in the operating I range and characteristic are automatically adapted. rating range is the actual travel/angle of the valve and is by the lower travel/angle range value (Code 8) and the
	provided Code 4 is activat- ed.	upper tr Usually, The nom lower an or must	avel/angle range value (Code 9). the operating range and the nominal range are identical. inal range can be limited to the operating range by the nd upper travel/angle range values. The value is displayed be entered.
9*	Upper travel/angle range value (upper x-range value)	Upper ro range.	ange value for the travel/angle of rotation in the operating
	20.0 to [100.0 %] of the nominal range, ESC Specified in mm or angle ° provided Code 4 is activat- ed.	Example the rang this func ed to the 0 % on t	I range and characteristic are automatically adapted. The operating range is modified, for example, to limit te of a control valve which has been sized too large. For tion, the entire resolution range of the set point is convert- te new limits. The display corresponds to the adjusted lower limit and to the adjusted upper limit.

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description
10*	Lower travel/angle limit (lower x-limit) 0.0 to 49.9 % of the operat- ing range, [No], ESC	Lower limitation of the travel/angle of rotation to the entered val- ue. The characteristic is not adapted.
11*	Upper travel/angle limit (upper x-limit) 50.0 to 120.0 %, [100 %] of the operating range, No, ESC	Upper limitation of the travel/angle of rotation to the entered val- ue. The characteristic is not adapted. Example: In some applications, it is better to limit the valve travel, e.g. if a certain minimum medium flow is required or a maximum flow must not be reached. The lower limit must be adjusted with Code 10 and the upper limit with Code 11. If a tight-closing function has been set up, it has priority over the travel limitation. When set to No, the valve can be opened past the nominal travel with a set point outside of the 4 to 20 mA range.
12*	Set point, lower range value (w-start) [0.0] to 75.0 %, ESC	Lower range value (0 % = 4 mA) of the valid set point range. This value must be smaller than the upper range value. The set point range is the difference between Set point, upper range value – Set point, lower range value. The difference must be larger or equal to 25 % (= 4 mA). When the set point range of 0 to 100 % = 4 to 20 mA, the valve moves through its entire operating range from 0 to 100 % travel/ angle of rotation. In split-range operation , the valves operate with smaller set points. The control signal of the control unit to control two valves is divided such, for instance, that the valves move through their full travel/an- gle of rotation at only half the input signal (first valve set to 0 to 50 % = 4 to 12 mA and second valve set to 50 to 100 % =12 to 20 mA).
13*	Set point, upper range val- ue (w-end) 25.0 to [100.0] %, ESC	Upper range value (100 % = 20 mA) of valid set point range This value must be greater than the lower range value.

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description
14*	CLOSED end position (end position w <) 0.0 to 49.9 %, [1.0 %] of the span adjusted in Code 12/13, No, ESC	Limit of the set point w Actuators with fail-safe action ATO are completely vented and ac- tuators with fail-safe action ATC are completely filled with air when the set point falls below the adjusted limit. This action always lead to the tight-closing of the valve. Codes 14/15 have priority over Codes 8/9/10/11. Codes 21/22 have priority over Codes 14/15.
15*	OPEN end position (end po- sition w >) 50.0 to 100.0 % of the span adjusted in Code 12/13, [No], ESC	Limit of the set point w Actuators with fail-safe action ATO are completely filled with air and actuators with fail-safe action ATC are completely vented when the set point exceeds the adjusted limit. This action always lead to the valve to be opened to the maximum. Codes 14/15 have priority over Codes 8/9/10/11. Codes 21/22 have priority over Codes 14/15. Example: Set the end position w > to 99 % for three-way valves.
16*	Pressure limit 1.4 to 7.0 bar, [No], ESC Do not activate pressure lim- itation for double-acting ac- tuators (with closed position ATO).	Signal pressure to actuator can be limited. After changing the pressure limit setting, the actuator must be vent- ed once (e.g. by selecting the fail-safe position).
17*	Proportional-action coeffi- cient Kp level 0 to 17 [7], ESC KP level changes affect the set point deviation. This ef- fect can be compensated for by tuning the input filter in Code 6. See section 7.6.6.	During positioner initialization, the values for Kp and Tv are opti- mally set. If the value for the KP level is below 3, the error code 61 is activated. If the positioner tends to overshoot impermissibly due to other dis- turbances, the KP and TV levels can be adapted accordingly after initialization. Increment TV level until desired behavior is reached or when the maximum value of 4 is reached, the KP level can be decreased in increments.
18*	Derivative-action time Tv level 1, [2], 3, 4, No, ESC	See Code 19 A change of the TV level has no effect on the set point deviation.

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description
19*	Tolerance band 0.1 to 10.0 %, [5.0 %] of the operating range, ESC	Used for error monitoring. If the set point deviation is greater than selected tolerance band for a time longer than the lag time [30 s], this causes the error code 57 (control loop) to be activated. Note: The lag time can only be set using the operator software.
20*	Select characteristic [0] to 9, ESC	Select characteristic. See section 16. 0 Linear 1 Equal percentage 2 Reverse equal percentage 3 SAMSON butterfly valve, linear 4 SAMSON butterfly valve, equal percentage 5 VETEC rotary plug valve, linear 6 VETEC rotary plug valve, equal percentage 7 Segmented ball valve, linear 8 Segmented ball valve, equal percentage 9 User-defined (defined over operator software)
21*	Transit time OPEN (w ramp OPEN) [0] to 240 s, ESC The entered transit time does not apply when fail-safe ac- tion, solenoid valve or forced venting function are trig- gered nor when the auxiliary energy fails.	The time required to move through the operating range when opening the valve. This parameter can be used to increase the Min. transit time OPEN (Code 40). Limitation of the transit time (Code 21 and 22): For some applica- tions it is recommendable to limit the transit time of the actuator to prevent it from engaging too fast in the running process. Code 21 has priority over Code 15.
22*	Transit time CLOSED (w ramp CLOSED) [0] to 240 s, ESC The entered transit time does not apply when fail-safe ac- tion, solenoid valve or forced venting function are trig- gered nor when the auxiliary energy fails.	

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description
23*	Absolute total valve travel [0] to 99 · 10 ⁷ , YES, ESC Exponential reading from 9999 travel cycles onwards	Totaled full valve travel cycle Can be reset to 0 in Code 36 – STD and Code 36 – DS. Note: The total valve travel is saved in a non-volatile memory after every 24 full valve travel cycle.
24*	Total valve travel limit 1000 to 99 · 10 ⁷ [1.000000], ESC Exponential reading from 9999 travel cycles onwards	Limit of total valve travel limit 'Total valve travel exceeded' message is generated depending on selected status classification if the limit is exceeded. Note: The 'Total valve travel exceeded' message has the default status classification ' alarm required'. This classification can only be changed in the operator software (e.g. TROVIS-VIEW).
25*	Alarm mode 0, 1, [2], 3, ESC	Switching mode of software limit contact alarms A1 and A2 when activated (when the positioner is initialized). Explosion-protected version according to EN 60947-5-6 0: A1 \ge 2.2 mA A2 \le 1.0 mA 1: A1 \le 1.0 mA A2 \ge 1.0 mA 2: A1 \ge 2.2 mA A2 \ge 2.2 mA 3: A1 \le 1.0 mA A2 \ge 2.2 mA Version without explosion protection 0: A1 R = 348 Ω A2 non-conducting 1: A1 non-conducting A2 non-conducting 2: A1 R = 348 Ω A2 R = 348 Ω 3: A1 non-conducting A2 R = 348 Ω 3: A1 non-conducting A2 R = 348 Ω When a positioner has not been initialized, the software limit con- tacts always register the signal as in the state of no response. If there is no mA signal at the terminals 11/12, the software limit contacts both switch to \le 1.0 mA (Ex) or non-conducting (without explosion protection). Note: The fault alarm output always switches to \le 1.0 mA/ non-conducting in case of a fault; it has \ge 2.2 mA/R = 348 Ω when there is no fault.

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description
26*	Limit A1 (alarm limit 1) 0.0 to 100.0 [2.0] % of the operating range, No, ESC The setting has no effect when an inductive limit con- tact is installed.	The valve position limit relating to the operating range. Alarm A1 responds when the value falls below the limit.
27*	Limit A2 (alarm limit 2) 0.0 to 100.0 [98.0] % of the operating range, No, ESC	The valve position limit relating to the operating range. Alarm A2 responds when the value falls below the limit.
28*	Alarm testReading direction:StandardTurned[No][No]A11AA22AA33AESCESC	Testing the software limit contact alarm A1 and A2 as well as the fault alarm contact A3. If the test is activated, the contact is switched five times. A1/1A: Software limit contact A1 to ≥2.2 mA A2/2A: Software limit contact A2 to ≥2.2 mA A3/3A: Fault alarm contact A3 to ≤1.0 mA
29*	Position transmitter x/ix ³⁾ [אר , ESC	Operating direction of the position transmitter. This indicates how the travel/angle position is assigned to the output signal i, based on the closed position. The operating range (see Code 8) of the valve is represented by the 4 to 20 mA signal. Values exceeding or falling below the limits 2.4 to 21.6 mA can be represented. When a positioner has not been connected (set point less than 3.6 mA), the signal is 0.9 mA and 3.8 mA or 4.4 mA when the positioner has not been initialized. When Code 32 = YES, the position transmitter issues the value as set in Code 30 during initialization or zero calibration. When Code 32 = No, 4 mA is issued during a running autotune.
30*	Fault alarm ix ³⁾ [No], HI, LO, ESC	Select if and how faults that cause the fault alarm contact to be switched are also indicated at the position transmitter output. HI ix =21.6 \pm 0.1 mA or LO ix =2.4 \pm 0.1 mA

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description		
31*	Position transmitter test ³⁾ -10.0 to 110.0 % of the op- erating range · ESC, [default value is last indicated value of the position transmitter]	Testing the position transmitter. Values can be entered in relation to the operating range. The momentary valve position is used in initialized positioners lo- cally as the start value (bumpless changeover to the test mode). On testing over software, the entered simulation value is issued as the position feedback signal for 30 seconds.		
	³⁾ Analog position transmitter: Code 29,	/30/31 can only be selected if the position transmitter (optional) is installed.		
32*	Error message in case of 'Function check' condensed state [YES], No, ESC	YES: 'Failure' and 'Function check' condensed state cause an error message to be generated. No: 'Failure' condensed state causes an error message to be generated.		
33*	Error message in case of 'Maintenance required' and 'Out of specification' con- densed states [YES], No, ESC	 YES: 'Failure', 'Maintenance required' and 'Out of specification' condensed state cause an error message to be generated. No: 'Failure' condensed state causes an error message to be generated. 		
34*	Closing direction CL, [CCL], ESC	CL: Clockwise CCL: Counterclockwise Direction of rotation to reach the valve's CLOSED position (view onto rotary switch with positioner cover open). Note: Needs only be entered in initialization mode SUB (Code 6).		
35*	Blocking position [0.0] mm/° /%, ESC	Distance to CLOSED position Note: Needs only be entered in initialization mode SUB (Code 6).		
36*	Reset STD, DIAG, DS, ESC	 STD: Resets start-up Resets parameters to their default settings. Resets diagnostics assessment. Information parameters (read only) remain unchanged. Re-initialize positioner. 		

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description
36*	Reset (continued)	 DAG: Reset diagnostics assessment Parameter settings, reference values and logs remain unchanged. The positioner does not need to be re-initialized. DS: Resets positioner to default settings. Resets parameters to their default settings.
		 Resets diagnostics assessment. Information parameters (read only) are deleted. Re-initialize positioner.
37	Options Read only	Indicates which option (terminals 31 and 32, Fig. 20) is installed. No : No option installed POS : Analog position transmitter dI : Binary input LS : Leakage sensor XI : 4 to 20 mA x input
		When the binary input is used, DI and HIGH or LOW status are displayed in alternating sequence. When the leakage sensor is used, LS and the detected sound level in dB are displayed in alternating sequence.
38*	Inductive limit contact [No], YES, ESC	Indicates whether the inductive limit contact option is installed or not.
39	Set point deviation e info Read only	Difference of the target position ($e = w - x$)
40	Min. transit time OPEN Read only	Minimum opening time determined during initialization
41	Min. transit time CLOSED Read only	Minimum closing time determined during initialization
42	Set point Read only	Set point w used in automatic mode 4 to 20 mA correspond to 0 to 100 %
43	Firmware version Read only	Device type and current firmware version (displayed in alternating sequence)

Code no.	Parameter – Readings/ values [default setting]	Description
44	y info Read only	Control signal y in % in relation to the travel range determined during initialization MAX: The positioner builds up its maximum output pressure, see
		MAX: The positioner builds up its maximum output pressure, see description in Code 14 and 15.
		OP: The positioner vents completely, see description in Code 14 and 15.
		– – –: The positioner is not initialized.
45	Internal solenoid valve/ forced venting	Indicates whether a solenoid valve/forced venting is installed or not.
	Read only	If a voltage supply is connected at the terminals +81/-82, YES and HIGH appear on the display in alternating sequence. If a volt- age supply is not connected (actuator vented, fail-safe position in- dicated on the display by the S icon), YES and LOW appear on the display in alternating sequence.
46*	Bus address [0] to 15, ESC	Using the HART® protocol, all connected control room and field units can be addressed individually using a point-to-point connec- tion or the standard (multidrop) bus.
		Point-to-point connection: HART® master device connected to one HART® field unit. With this connection, the device address must also be set to '0'.
		Standard (multidrop) bus: Up to 15 field units connected in paral- lel to a single pair of wires. The master device distinguishes them by their preset addresses between 1 and 15.
47*	HART® write protection YES, [No], ESC	When write protection is active, device data can be read, but not overwritten over HART® communication.
48* 49*	Diagnostic parameters • Detc ▶ EB 8389-1 EN.	ils on EXPERTplus Valve Diagnostics in the Operating Instructions

Note:

(i)

A status classification is assigned to every error code in the default setting. The status classification of error codes can also be changed as required using an operator software (e.g. TROVIS-VIEW).

Initialization errors

	· codes – mmended action	Condensed state message active, when prompted, ERR appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
50	x > range	Value of measuring signal too high or too low; the lever operates near its me- chanical stops.
		 Pin not mounted properly
		 NAMUR attachment: bracket slipped or follower pin not properly seated on the follower plate's slot.
		 Follower plate not mounted properly.
	Status classification	[Maintenance required]
	Recommended	 Check attachment and pin position.
	action	Re-initialize positioner.
51	Δx < range	Insufficient measuring span of the sensor
		 Pin not mounted properly.
		 Wrong lever mounted.
		 Pressure limit set too low.
		An angle of rotation smaller than 16° at the positioner shaft only generates an alarm. An angle below 9° leads to the initialization being canceled.
	Status classification	[Out of specification]
		Check attachment and pressure limit.Re-initialize positioner.

Error codes – Recommended action		Condensed state message active, when prompted, ERR appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
52	Attachment	 The nominal range could not be achieved during initialization with NOM initialization mode (the maximum travel/angle reached is indicated on the display). Wrong lever mounted. Supply pressure too low; valve cannot be moved to desired position.
	Status classification	[Maintenance required]
		Check attachment and supply pressure.Re-initialize positioner.
53	Initialization time exceeded (init time >)	 Timeout detected during initialization Valve takes too long to open. Valve cannot find fixed end stops (e.g. when lined control butterfly valves are used). Valve tends to hunt considerably.
	Status classification	[Maintenance required]
		 Check supply pressure and install pneumatic volume booster, if necessary. Adjust travel/angle stops. Reduce hunting tendency (e.g. restrict or open booster bypass). Then re-initialize the positioner.
54	Initialization - In- ternal solenoid valve/forced vent- ing	 Internal solenoid valve/forced venting not or improperly connected. An attempt was made to initialize the device from fail-safe position.
	Status classification	[Maintenance required]
	Recommended action	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
55	Transit time not reached (transit time <)	Actuator transit times detected during initialization are so short (< 0.3 s) that optimal positioner tuning is impossible.
	Status classification	[Out of specification]
		Activate volume restriction in positioner output.Re-initialize positioner.

Error codes – Recommended action		Condensed state message active, when prompted, ERR appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
56	Pin/switch position	Pin position not entered for nominal range (NOM) or substitute (SUB) initialization.
		²⁾ ATO/ATC switch defective.
Status classification [Maintenance required]		[Maintenance required]
	Recommended action	
		²⁾ Return positioner to SAMSON for repair.

Operational error

	r codes – mmended action	Condensed state message active, when prompted, <i>Err</i> appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
57	Control loop Additional indication at the fault alarm contact!	Control loop error, the valve no longer follows the controlled variable within tolerable times (tolerance band alarm Code 19). • Actuator is blocked. • Positioner attachment has shifted subsequently. • Insufficient supply pressure
	Status classification	[Maintenance required]
		Check attachment.Check supply pressure.
58	Zero	 Mounting arrangement or linkage has slipped. Valve trim, particularly with soft seat, is worn.
	Status classification	[Maintenance required]
		 Check valve and positioner attachment. Calibrate zero. We recommend to re-initialize the positioner if zero deviates by more than 5 %.
59	Inconsistent data memory	The error is detected by automatic monitoring and corrected automatically.
	Status classification	Failure (cannot be classified)
60	Internal device er- ror Additional indication at the fault alarm contact!	The positioner goes to the fail-safe position (SAFE).
	Status classification	Failure (cannot be classified)
	Recommended action	Return positioner to SAMSON for repair.

Error codes – Recommended action		Condensed state message active, when prompted, <i>Err</i> appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
61	KP too low	Proportional-action coefficient Kp level lower than 3 was detected during ini- tialization. Note: A Kp level < 3 does not cause the initialization process to be canceled.
	Status classification	[Maintenance required]
		Activate volume restriction in positioner output.Increase the bypass restriction setting of booster (if installed).

Hardware error

Error codes – Recommended action		Condensed state message active, when prompted, <i>Err</i> appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
62	x signal	 Actuator's measured value recording failed.
	Additional indication at	 Conductive plastic element defective.
	the fault alarm contact!	The emergency mode on the display is indicated by a blinking closed-loop op- eration icon and 4 dashes instead of the position reading.
		Note on the closed-loop operation: If the measuring system has failed, the positioner is still in a reliable state. The positioner switches to emergency mode where the position cannot be accurately controlled anymore. However, the positioner continues operation according to its set point so that the process remains in a safe state.
	Status classification	[Maintenance demanded]
	Recommended action	Return positioner to SAMSON for repair.
63	SIL shutdown/w too low	Emergency shutdown of the i/p block is implemented by 3.8 mA or 4.4 mA (depending on the positioner version)'.
		²⁾ The set point w is lower than 3.7 mA. This state is indicated on the positioner display by LOW blinking.
	Status classification	[No message]
		¹⁾ Raise the current (depending on version) above the limit.
	Recommended action	

Error codes – Recommended action		Condensed state message active, when prompted, <i>Err</i> appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
64	i/p converter (y)	Current circuit of i/p converter interrupted.
	Status classification	Failure (cannot be classified)
	Recommended action	Return positioner to SAMSON for repair.

Error appendix

Error codes – Recommended action		Condensed state message active, when prompted, <i>Err</i> appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
65	Hardware	 Initialization key jammed.
	Additional indication at the fault alarm contact!	 A hardware error has occurred. The positioner changes to the fail- safe position (SAFE).
		As long as the error exists, no EXPERTplus diagnostic messages are logged.
	Status classification	[Failure]
	Recommended action	Confirm error and return to automatic mode, or perform a reset and re-initialize the positioner. If this is not successful, return positioner to SAMSON AG for repair.
66	Unassigned	
67	Check calculation	Hardware controller monitored by test calculation.
	Additional indication at the fault alarm contact!	
	Status classification	[Failure]
	Recommended action	Confirm error. If this is not possible, return positioner to SAMSON AG for repair.

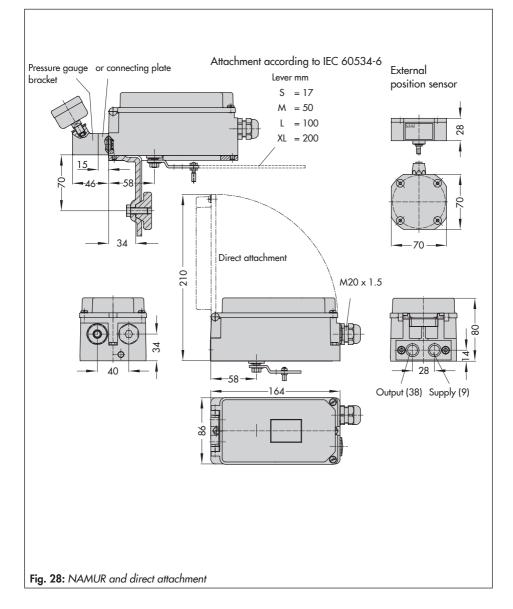
Data error

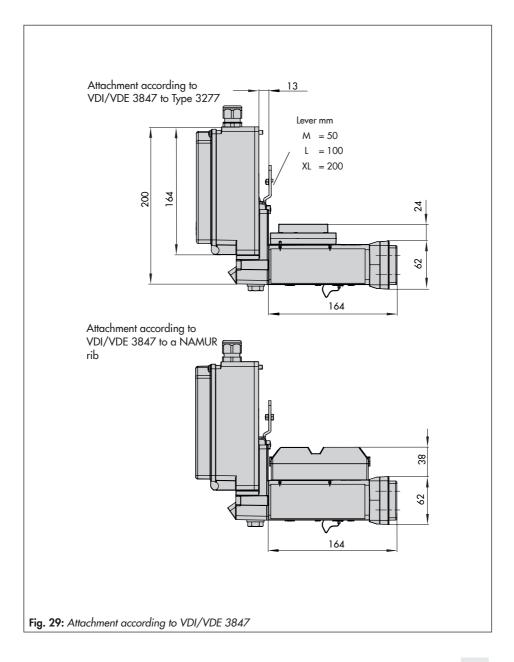
Error codes – Recommended action		Condensed state message active, when prompted, <i>Err</i> appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
68 to 75	Unassigned	
76	No emergency mode	The travel measuring system of the positioner has a self-monitoring func- tion (see Code 62).
		An emergency mode (open-loop control) is not available for certain ac- tuators, such as double-acting actuators. In this case, the positioner changes to the fail-safe position (SAFE) when a measuring error occurs. During the initialization, the positioner automatically checks whether the actuator has such a function or not.
	Status classification	[No message]
	Recommended action	Merely information, confirm, if necessary. No further action required.

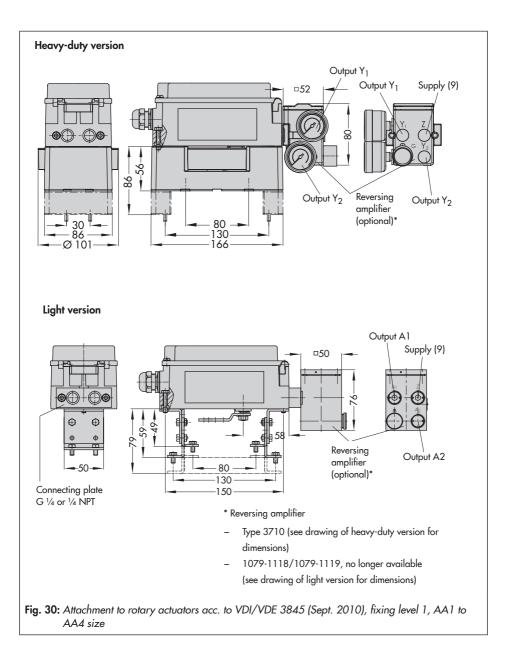
Diagnosis errors

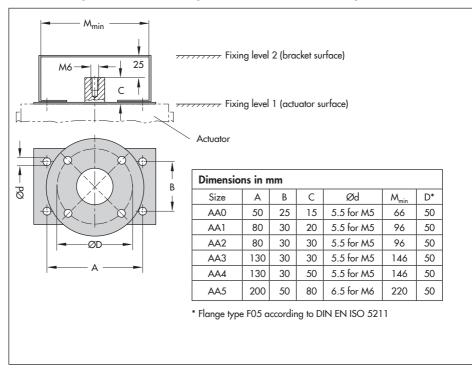
Error of action	codes – Recommended	Condensed state message active, when prompted, <i>Err</i> appears. When fault alarms exist, they are displayed here.
77	Unassigned	
78	Unassigned	
79	Collective error	Messages generated in EXPERTplus The error does not have any direct effect on the positioner's functioning.
	Status classification	Maintenance required (cannot be classified)
80	Unassigned	
81	Valve signature can- celed	Error during automatic plotting of the valve signature Error messages are not yet saved in a non-volatile memory. They cannot be reset.
	Status classification	[Maintenance required]
	Recommended action	Restart the valve signature recording or start initialization including valve signature.
82	Unassigned	
83	Unassigned	
84	PST/FST	A partial stroke test or full stroke test cannot be started or has been can- celed.
	Status classification	[No message]
	Recommended action	Read out test status (only in the operator software)
85	On/off valve	The transit time and breakaway time or the final travel/angle value of the on/off valve has changed.
	Status classification	[No message]
	Recommended action	Check valve and actuator.
86	SIL test	SIL operator test failed
	Status classification	Failure (cannot be classified)
	Recommended action	Return positioner to SAMSON for repair.

15 Dimensions in mm









15.1 Fixing levels according to VDI/VDE 3845 (September 2010)

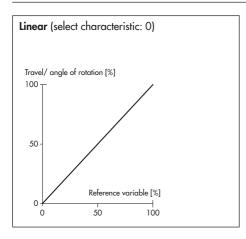
16 Valve characteristic selection

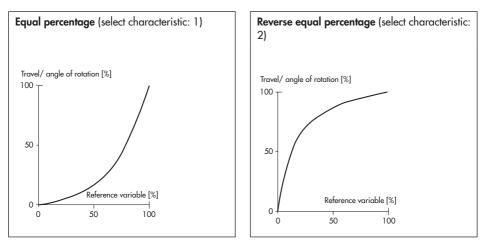
The characteristics that can be selected in Code 20 are shown in following in graph form.

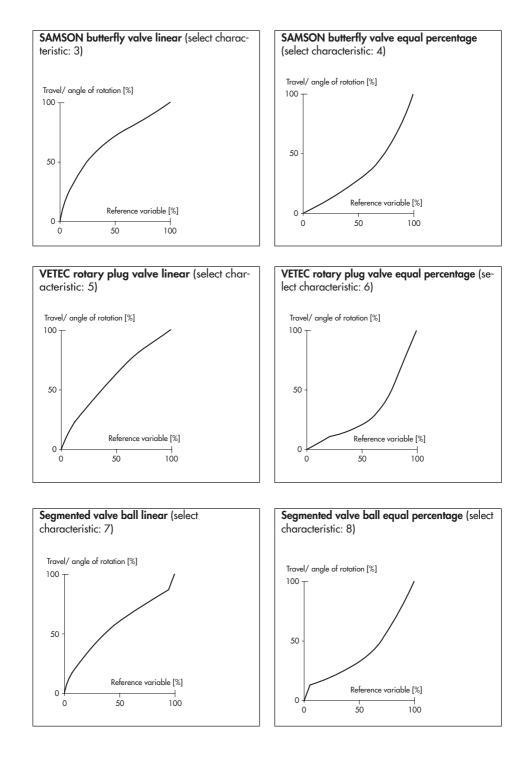
Note:

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A characteristic can only be defined (user-defined characteristic) using a workstation/operator software (e.g. TROVIS-VIEW).







Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin	(13) SCHEDULE	(14) EC-TYPE-EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2007	(15) Description of equipment		The equipment is installed inside the hazardous area. The ecuipment is available in two designes, type 3730-6-110 with a field	barrier connected in series.	Marking	Type 3730-6-110		년/ II 2 D. Ex th A21 (1966 180 °C Tune 373046-240 with field harrier tree 37704		또 II 2.G EX dial IIC/IIB 16 and 또 II 2.D EX 10 A21 IP68 T80 °C	Eer ratationschin bakwaan ture of norderion. Tammaratura class, ontions and narmissibila amhliant	temperature range, reference is made to the lable	Options Permissible a temperature	ExialIC T5 -55 °C 70 °C	80	Option, structure-borne 40 °C 70 °C sound sensor	7.C head-ts	on room and P.C.Amaaavemberkon, Marifrication olihonin kineminga oori mitkoin jatemin ohali not ha ueliki. Tha ne diferatasi muu ho dirin lähed	Vorty without industriant Extrato. Tanking a transford was had the a surrout with the Propriation Franctional to a feature of stational and an over Propriation Franction a Buckenerated R. Buckenerated a 100 - 20110 Demonstrated - GE BMANY
Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt		ACT OF	(c) EC-TYPE-EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE (Translation)	(2) Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Amossidence - Directive 94/9/EC	(3) EC-type-examination Cartificate Number: PTB 10 ATEX 2007	(4) Equipment: Digital positioner, type 3730-6-110 and 3730-6-210 with HART communication	(5) Manufacturer. SAMSON AG Mess- und Regettechnik	(6) Address: Weismüllerstr. 3, 60314 Frankfurt, Germany	(7) This equipment and any acceptable variation thereto are specified in the schedule to this certificats and the documents therein referred to.	(6) The Physicalisch-Technische Bundesansalt, notified looip No. 0122 in accordance with Article 9 of the Council Distribute skySter of 24 about 1984; visites lank its lange apprenting laborational do scrupping with the Essential Health med Selety Requirements realing: to his design and construction of explorition and the Essential Health and Selety Requirements realing. To his design and construction of explorition and the Essential Health media.	protective systems intericed for use in potentially explosive armospheres, given in Annex II to the Directive.	The examination and test results are recorded in the confidential assessment and test report PTB Ex 10-20351.	(8) Compliance with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements has been assured by compliance with: EN 60074-0-2006 EN 60073-41-2007 EN 61424-10:2016	ced after the certificate number, it indice shecified in the schedule to this cer	(11) This sector standard primate primate primate standard st	(12) The marking of the equipment shall include the following:	✓ (E) Description	Zentifizierungswehrch Euchangenuutz On benjard frings Der Louis State	Dir-Ing. U. Johannar 11 Martin 19 Martin 19 Direktor und Professor. 56 Strict	Pro E	Lobjekter kom huller vielleret storkstynder ander kom storkstyn for hulle van kombel-Trechter ander Univ wirdte einende Storkstynder ander storkstyn for hulle storkstyn for hulle storkstyn for brothete for brothet Physicialite/TrechterCab Bir desameta - Durchetalen 103 - 2011 (6 Darusstynig - GEDMAYY

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EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2007	Braunschweig und Berlin Schebule TO Ec-TYPE-EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2007	
	or U, = 32 - 375 V P, = 1. W	
Um = 250 V	2.2	
connected to certified intrinsically safe circults provided the permissible it and P, are not exceeded. age/power supply, the setal SSP interface and the external position threaconnected and safety electrically solated from the other up to a peak value of the nominal voltage of 60. The intrinsically safe celly isolated from each other up to a peak value of the nominal voltage	or Binary input	tified
arery isolated ir uni ground. 4 20 mA	= 56.3	
type of protection Ex is IIC/IIB only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit	d sound sensor (passive)Max	
Maximum values: U, = 28 V 1, = 115 mA	(terminals 31/32) U, = 30 V U, = 10 MA C, = 14 hF	
= 32	egliç	
	Inductive limit contact	tified
	U, = 16 V 1 = 52 MA P = 169 mW	
U, = 28 V I, = 115 mA	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
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Braunschweig und Berlin

SCHEDULE TO EC-TYPE-E)

Electrical data

type 3770-1 connected in series	4 20 mA	$U_{\rm m} = 10$ $U_{\rm m} = 250$
Type 3730-6-210 with field barrier, type 3770-1 connected in series	Operating values:	Supply circuit or NAMUR-limit contact

Type 3730-6-110

The positioner may be cor maximum values for U_i, I_i a

The circuits for the voltage/ sensor are operationally in intrinsically safe circuits up to circuits are safely electrically of 60 V. All circuits are safely

4 20 mA	type of protection Ex ia IIC/IIB only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit	Maximum values:	Ui = 28 V 1, = 115 mA	or	U ₁ = 32 V I ₁ = 87 mA P ₁ = 1 W	C _i = 5.3 nF L _i negligibly low	type of protection Ex ia IIC/IIB only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit
Operating values:	Voltage/power supply (terminals 11/12)						Position check-back. (terminals 31/32)

Physicallech-Technische Bundesanstat • Bundessilee 100 • 38116 Braunschweig • GERMANY EC-type-examination Certificates r only without alteration. Extracts

Physikal	ⁱ isch-Technis	Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt	nstalt F	JB	Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt	undesanstalt PIB	
Braunschweig und Berlin SCHEDULE TO EC-TYPE-I	g und Berlin D EC-TYPE-EXAMINA	Braunschweig und Berlin SCHEDULE TO EC-TYPE-EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2007	B 10 ATEX 2007		Braunschweig und Berlin SCHEDULE TO EC-TYPE-EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2007	TIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2007	
For relation maximum the table:	inship between temperat short-circuit currents and	For relationship between temperature class, permissible ranges of the ambient temperature, maximum short-circuit currents and maximum power for analyzing units, reference is made to the table:	iges of the ambient tem lyzing units, reference is	perature, s made to	Fault signal output (terminals 33/84)		ed
	Temperature class	Permissible ambient termorature ranne	I _o / P _o			Maximum values: U, = 20 · V	
	TG	145 °C				= 60	
	T5	-55 °C 60 °C	52 mA / 169 mW			C: = 5.3 DF	
	T4	75 °C				L, negligibly low	
	T6	60 °C			Control DCD interactions	time of woodcontion Ev in 110/11	
	T5	-55 °C 80 °C	25 mA / 64 mW		Serial SOF Internace	type or protection EX Ia IIO/IID	~
	T4	80 °C				Maximum values (active):	
Softwara-li	Softwara-limit contact		tune of protection Ev is			U。 = 7.88 V I。 = 69.2 m.A	
(terminals -	(terminals 41/42 and 51/52)		only for connection to a certified	a certified		P。= 137 mW	
			Intrinsically sare circuit			8	
			Maximum values:			Co = 650 nF Lo = 10 mH	
			200			or	
						only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit	eq
			L, negligibly low			Maximum values (passive):	
for teaced			time of profection EV is IIC/IIE			$U_1 = 20$ V	
(terminals 81/82)	81/82)		type of protection is not its only for connection to a certified intrinsionally safe circuit;	a certified		I = 50 mA P = 200 mW	
			Maximum values:			C _i negligibly low	
			Ui = 28 V			L, negligibly low	
			0110		External position sensor	type of protection Ex ia IIC/IIB	~
			or 11. = 32 V		(Analog PCB, pins p9, p10, p11)	Maximum values:	
			l = 87.5 mA			U _o = 7.88 V	
			C _i = 5.3 nF L neglicity/low			$P_{0} = 13.2 \text{ mA}$	
			in the Real Providence of the			linear characteristic	
						L。 = 10 mH С。 = 1 μF	
						L ₁ = 370 µH C ₁ = 66 nF	
				sheet 5/7		sheet 6/7	at 6/7
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Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin

SCHEDULE TO EC-TYPE-EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2007

(16) Assessment and test report PTB Ex 10-29351

(17) Special conditions for safe use

none

met by compliance with the standards mentioned above (18) Essential health and safety requirements



Braunschweig, August 18, 2010

EC type-examination Certificates withour signature and official stamp shall not be write. The partificaties may be circuited only withour attention. Extracts are abayet to support by the Physianisidan's redmixed is bundeareash. In case of dispue, the German not abait power. Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstatt • Bundesallee 100 • 38115 Braunschweig • GERMANY

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt	SCHEDULE	CONFORMITY STATEMENT PTB 10 ATEX 2008 X Description of equipment	The digital positioner of type 3730-6-810 with HART communication is a single or double acting positioner. It is used for the conversion of electrical actuating signals into pneumatic actuating	pressure signals. The equipment is installed inside the hazardous area.	For relationship between type of protection, temperature class, options and permissible ambient temperature range, reference is made to the table.	Type of protection / Options Permissible amblent temperature range	Ex nA IIC of Ex nL IIC T5 -55 °C 70 °C T4 80 °C	Option, structure-borne sound sensor -40 °C 70 °C	80	ач	Signal circuit	I = 420 mA	or type of protection Ex nL IIC/IIB	U = 32 V = 132 MA P = 12 W	L = negligibly low C = 5.3 nF	Sheet 2/6	Conformity Statements without signature and official starting shall not be wald. The carificants may be doulined only writhout alteration. Extracts on or caretration and subjects appropriately be Physicalidisa-Treoninsche Eurodeannatalt. Physicalises-Technische Eurodeannatit - Bundeauflee 100 - 38118 Erzunschweig - GERMANN Physicalises-Technische Eurodeannatit - Bundeauflee 100 - 38118 Erzunschweig - GERMANN
PIB Phy Braun	(13)	(14) (15) (15)				a to this certificate and	s 94/9/EC of 23 March lai Health and Safety s systems intended for	nd test report PTB Ex	by compliance with: EN 61241-1:2004	_,			or II 3 D Ex tD A22 IP66 T80 °C	Braunschweig, August 18, 2010		Sheet 1/6 av ha circulation	Zhō Burdesansialt. SRNANY
Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt ^{Braunschweig und Berlin}		CONFORMITY STATEMENT (Translation)) Test Certificate Number: PTB 10 ATEX 2008 X	Equipment: Digital positioner, type 3730-6-810 Manufacture: SAMSON AG Mess- und Regeitachnik Address: Weismutiliterstr. 3. 60314 Frankfurt Germany	This equipment and any accept the documents therein referred t	The Physikalisch-Technische Bundesenstalt, on the basis of the Council Directive 94/9/EC of 23 March 1994, cartites that its acujoment has been found to compty with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements relating to the design and construction of equipment and protective systems intended for Requirements and services, given in Annex II to the Directive.	The examination and test results are recorded in the confidential assessment and test report PTB Ex 10-23352.	Compliance with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements has been assured by compliance with: EN 60079-0:2006 EN 60079-015:2005 EN 61241-0:2006 EN 61241-1:200	(10) If the sign "X" is placed after the certificate number, it indicates that the equipment is subject to special conditions for safe use specified in the schedule to this certificate.	(11) This Conformity Statement relates only to the design and construction of the specified equipment in accordance with Interview BufSIEC. Further requirements of this Directive apply to the manufacture and supply of interactionment.	(12) The marking of the equipment shall include the following:	(E) II 3 G E x nA II T6 or II 3 G E x nL IIC/IIB T6 or II 3 D E x t1	ALL	DrIng. U. Johangshey M. S. S. S. Direktor und Professor	Pondonatis Statements sittikus kolmetus and dificial statem stall not to uslid. The confidences	ony whoud alteration. Estratos calimations and advances to the Provinsiands-Trowneche Eurofesament Propriations-Treatmined and addate, the German was that proved the Eurofesament Propriations-Technische Bundhaumstat - Bundesallee 100 - 38116 Braumschweige - GENMANY
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SCHEDULE TO EC-TYPE-EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2008 X	ION CERTIFICATE PTE	3 10 ATEX 2008 X	SCHEDULE TO EC-TYPE-EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2008 X	ERTIFICATE PTB 10 ATEX 2008 X
Position check-back		type of protection Ex nA II	Software-limit contact	type of protection Ex nA II
or structure-borne sound sensor		=		Maximum operational values:
(terminals 31/32)		l = 420mA or		- C
		type of protection Ex nL IIC/IIB		
		U = 32 V		e of protect
		1 = 132 mA		
		L = negligiby tow C = 56.3 nF		I = 50 mA P = 400 mW
Inductive limit contact		type of protection Ex nA II		L = negligibly low C = 5.3 nF
(terminals 41/42)		Maximum operational values:		
		× × ×	Magnet valve	type of protection Ex nA II
		c	(terminals 81/82)	Maximum onerational values:
		type of protection Ex nL IIC/IIB		$U = 6 \dots 24 \text{ V DC}$
				or
		I = 52 m.A P = 169 m.W		type of protection Ex nL iIC/IIB
				U = 32 V [.] I = 132 mA
		U = 20 V = 25 mA B = 84 mW		ie –
		= 100	Fault signal activat	tune of nucleotion EV nA II
For relationship between temperature class, permissible ranges of the ambient temperature, maximum short-dircuit currents and maximum power for analyzing units, reference is made to	re class, permissible rang maximum power for analy	ges of the ambient temperature, yzing units, reference is made to	terminals 83/84)	Maximum operational values:
the table: Temperature class	Permissible amblent temperature range	I _o / P _o		с = о < - п з ЗА
TG	45 °C			or tvne of protection Ex nL IIC/IIB
T5	-55 °C 60 °C	52 mA / 169 mW		U = 20 V
T4	75 °C			= 60
T6	60 °C			
Τ5	-55 °C 80 °C	25 mA / 64 mW		L = negligibly low C = 5.3 nF
T4	80 °C		1	
		:	lob.900	
		Sheet 3/6	201×:	Sheet 4/6
Conformity Statements without signature and official sizing shall not be valid. The certificates may be circulated only without alteration. Extracts or alterations are subject, a sporycent by the Statistica-Technische Bundesarstatt her come news real measure.	and official stamp shall not be valid. s are subject to approval by the Phys dismum, the German text shall previo	The certificates may be circulated sikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt.		Conformity Statements without signature and official stamp shall not be valid. The conflictence may be disculated only without alloration. Extracts or alterations are subject, approval by the systellisto-Technische Bundssanstaß
Physikalisch-Technische Bundesar	III date of displaying the Section for the Section Powers. Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt • Bundesallee 100 • 38116 Braunschweig • GERMANY	raunschweig • GERMANY	Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstah • B	In uses of uppung, and comparing and commany way are to be a start process. Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt • Bundesanice 100 • 33/16 Braunschweig • GERMANY

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	Serial SSP interface		(18) <u>Ess</u> i met	(15) Essential health and safety requirements met by compliance with the standards mentioned above	
		be of protection Ex.nl. IIC/IIB I = 20 V I = 200 mAV I = 200 mWV I = negligible NV C = negligible NF	On I	Zartifizierupgseektor Explosioneedulg On bahar of PTB: Di Cuuc, Sartifizierup Di-nd, U. Johafinanda	Braunschweig, August 18, 2010
	External position sensor)	
-	(16) Assessment and test report PTB Ex 10-29352				
Ŭ	(17) Special conditions for safe use Type of protection Ex nA II: A tues according to IEC 60127-201. 250 V F or IEC 60127-201. 250 V T with a nominal fuse current for max. 80 mA shall be connected in series to the signal circuit and to the position check-back circuit.	c 60127-2N1, 250 V T with a nominal fuse as to the signal circuit and to the position			
	A fuse according to IEC 60127-2/II, 250 V F or IEC 60127-2/VI, 250 V T with a nominal fuse current of max. 40 m3 shall be connected in series to the serial SSP interface.	C 60127-2/N, 250 V T with a nominal fuse b the serial SSP interface.			
3c	All tyses shall be installed outside of the hazardous area. Type of protection Ex.nt. INC: No fuses are required for the operation with energy-limited circuits of type of protection Ex.nt.10:	area. ergy-limited circuits of type of protection	k		
b.9002013		Sheet 5/6	b.900201)		Sheet 6/6
×=sz	Conformity Statements whood supporting and oricial atamp shall not be valid. The orification may be inculated only without alteration. Exorois or ontermone an explosition perception by the Programmatic Technisons burdesarrated In case of display, the display, the display, the display of the prevent of the prevent Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 000 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 000 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 000 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 000 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 000 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - GERMANY Physikaliceh-Technelone Burdesarrated + Burdesarrated + 100 - 3511G Braumachweig - 100 -	n not bo valut. The certificates may be circulated carby the hyperbalticate-Techniscice Bundesantakt, and shall prevail. 100 - 33116 Braunschweig - GERMANY	KEISZ .	Conformity Statements without signature and official stamp shall not be walk. The configurants may be circulated only without alteration. Excarcis or classificane services the sported the physical heath school shall in case of officials, the demain and that prevail. Physical school school and officials, the demain so that prevail Physical school school school and school and a school school and a school and Physical school and a school and a school and a school and a school and physical school and a school and physical sch	The confiltentes may be circulated sekalisch fechnische Bundesanstalt. all. Steunschweig - GERMANY



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